# GCSE <br> Applications of Mathematics (Linked Pair) 

Foundation Tier Unit 2 - Geometry and Measures
Mark scheme

9370/2F<br>November 2016

Version/Stage: 1.0 Final

Mark schemes are prepared by the Lead Assessment Writer and considered, together with the relevant questions, by a panel of subject teachers. This mark scheme includes any amendments made at the standardisation events which all associates participate in and is the scheme which was used by them in this examination. The standardisation process ensures that the mark scheme covers the students' responses to questions and that every associate understands and applies it in the same correct way. As preparation for standardisation each associate analyses a number of students' scripts. Alternative answers not already covered by the mark scheme are discussed and legislated for. If, after the standardisation process, associates encounter unusual answers which have not been raised they are required to refer these to the Lead Assessment Writer.

It must be stressed that a mark scheme is a working document, in many cases further developed and expanded on the basis of students' reactions to a particular paper. Assumptions about future mark schemes on the basis of one year's document should be avoided; whilst the guiding principles of assessment remain constant, details will change, depending on the content of a particular examination paper.

Further copies of this mark scheme are available from aqa.org.uk

## Glossary for Mark Schemes

GCSE examinations are marked in such a way as to award positive achievement wherever possible. Thus, for GCSE Mathematics papers, marks are awarded under various categories.

| M | Method marks are awarded for a correct method which could lead <br> to a correct answer. |
| :--- | :--- |
| M dep | A method mark dependent on a previous method mark being <br> awarded. |
| A | Accuracy marks are awarded when following on from a correct <br> method. It is not necessary to always see the method. This can be <br> implied. |
| B | Marks awarded independent of method. |
| B dep mark that can only be awarded if a previous independent mark |  |
| has been awarded. |  |

Examiners should consistently apply the following principles

## Diagrams

Diagrams that have working on them should be treated like normal responses. If a diagram has been written on but the correct response is within the answer space, the work within the answer space should be marked. Working on diagrams that contradicts work within the answer space is not to be considered as choice but as working, and is not, therefore, penalised.

## Responses which appear to come from incorrect methods

Whenever there is doubt as to whether a candidate has used an incorrect method to obtain an answer, as a general principle, the benefit of doubt must be given to the candidate. In cases where there is no doubt that the answer has come from incorrect working then the candidate should be penalised.

## Questions which ask candidates to show working

Instructions on marking will be given but usually marks are not awarded to candidates who show no working.

## Questions which do not ask candidates to show working

As a general principle, a correct response is awarded full marks.

## Misread or miscopy

Candidates often copy values from a question incorrectly. If the examiner thinks that the candidate has made a genuine misread, then only the accuracy marks (A or B marks), up to a maximum of 2 marks are penalised. The method marks can still be awarded.

## Further work

Once the correct answer has been seen, further working may be ignored unless it goes on to contradict the correct answer.

## Choice

When a choice of answers and/or methods is given, mark each attempt. If both methods are valid then M marks can be awarded but any incorrect answer or method would result in marks being lost.

## Work not replaced

Erased or crossed out work that is still legible should be marked.

## Work replaced

Erased or crossed out work that has been replaced is not awarded marks.

## Premature approximation

Rounding off too early can lead to inaccuracy in the final answer. This should be penalised by 1 mark unless instructed otherwise.

## Continental notation

Accept a comma used instead of a decimal point (for example, in measurements or currency), provided that it is clear to the examiner that the candidate intended it to be a decimal point.

| $\mathbf{Q}$ | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| $\mathbf{1}$ | Draws line $B D$ | B1 |  |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | Line joining midpoint of $B C$ to <br> midpoint of $C D$ | B2 | B1 midpoint of $C D$ and midpoint of $B C$ <br> identified |


| 2(a) | 1030 | B1 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| 42 min or 45 min | M1 |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Ticks Yes <br> and <br> 42 min is less than three-quarters of an hour <br> or <br> Ticks Yes <br> and <br> 42 min and 45 min <br> or <br> Ticks Yes <br> and <br> 1015 or 1045 or 1115 or 1145 <br> or 1215 | A1 | oe Ticks Yes and 3 minutes |


| $\mathbf{Q}$ | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 2(c) | 23 | B2 | B1 (0)9.55 or 10.18 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |
|  | B1 allow (0)9:55 or (0)955 or $10: 18$ or 1018 |  |  |


| 3 | Draws a square with side length <br> $[9.8,10.2] \mathrm{cm}$ | B1 |  |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :--- |
|  | Draws a circle with radius <br> $[4.8,5.2] \mathrm{cm}$ | B1 |  |
|  | Draws a vertical diameter and a horizontal <br> diameter on their circle | B1ft | ft their circle |
|  | Shades in the top right sector of their circle | B1ft | ft their circle divided into 4 sectors |


| $\mathbf{Q}$ | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |

## Alternative method 1

| $2+5+5+10+10+10+10+20$ <br> or 72 | M1 | oe <br> Allow one error or omission |
| :--- | :---: | :--- |
| their $72 \div 6$ or 12 | M1dep |  |
| 10 p and $2 p$ | A1 | SC2 $5 p, 5 p$ and $2 p$ |

## Alternative method 2

| Adds two coins and adds the remaining six <br> coins | M1 | eg $2+5=7$ and <br> $5+10+10+10+10+20=65$ |
| :--- | :---: | :--- |
| Repeats with a different choice | M1dep |  |
| $10 p$ and 2p | A1 | SC2 5p, 5p and 2p |
| Alternative method 3 |  |  |
| Adds two coins and multiplies the total by 5 | M1 | eg 2 +5 =7 and $7 \times 5=35$ |
| Repeats with a different choice | M1dep |  |
| $10 p$ and 2p | A1 | SC2 5p, 5p and 2p |



| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

## Alternative method 1

| $112 \div 100$ or 1.12 | M 1 |  |
| :--- | :---: | :--- |
| their $1.12 \times[2.5,3.5]$ | M1dep |  |
| $[2.8,3.92]$ | A 1 |  |

Alternative method 2
6

| $112 \times[2.5,3.5]$ or $[280,392]$ | M1 |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| their $[280,392] \div 100$ | M1dep |  |  |  |
| $[2.8,3.92]$ | A1 |  |  |  |
| Additional Guidance |  |  |  | M1 M1 A1 |
| Answer [2.8, 3.92] |  |  |  |  |


| $7(a)$ | 28 | B1 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 7 | $11.48 \div$ their 28 or $(0) 41$. | M1 | oe <br> their 28 from (a) |
|  | $[30,38] \times$ their $(0)$.41 or 1394 | M1dep |  |
|  | 13.94 | A1ft | Only ft their 28 from (a) and use of 34 in <br> $2 n d ~ M 1$ <br> SC2 6.97 |

7(c) | Fits a total of 4 more 0 s , all the correct size | B2 | B1 Fits at least two more 0s, the correct size |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

| $\mathbf{8}$ | Draws bearing $[033,037]^{\circ}$ at P <br> and <br> draws bearing $[308,312]^{\circ}$ at Q <br> and <br> lines cross (marked S) | B2 | B1 Draws bearing $[033,037]^{\circ}$ at P <br> or <br> draws bearing $[308,312]^{\circ}$ at Q |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |


| 9(a) | $(a=) 210$ | B 1 | $\mathrm{SC} 1 \quad a=162$ and $b=210$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | $(b=) 162$ | B 1 |  |


| $\mathbf{9 ( b )}$ | $(c=) 60$ | B 1 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| $\mathbf{Q}$ | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 9(c) | $(d=) 76$ | B 1 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |
|  | $\frac{180-\text { their } 76}{2}$ or $\frac{104}{2}$ | M 1 |  |
|  | $(e=) 52$ | A 1 ft | ft their $d$ |
| 9(d) | $180-139$ | M 1 |  |


|  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |


| 10(a) | 6 | B 1 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| 10(b) | 2 | B1 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| $\mathbf{Q}$ | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 10(c) | Alternative method 1 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $40-3 \times$ their 6 or 22 | M1 | their 6 from (a) |
|  | their $22 \div$ (their $2 \times 2$ ) or their $22 \div 4$ or 5.5 | M1dep | their 2 from (b) |
|  | 5 | A1ft | ft their 6 from (a) and their 2 from (b) SC2 Answer 7 |
|  | Alternative method 2 |  |  |
|  | 40-6 or 34 | M1 | their 6 from (a) |
|  | their $34 \div 2-2 \times$ their 6 or 17-12 | M1dep | their 6 from (a) their 2 from (b) |
|  | 5 | A1ft | ft their 6 from (a) and their 2 from (b) SC2 Answer 7 |


| $\mathbf{Q}$ | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 12(a) | (min) or $24(\mathrm{~min})$ or $9(\mathrm{~min})$ <br>  | 39 | M1 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |  |

12(b) $8.4 \mathrm{~km} \quad \mathrm{~B}$

| 12(c) | $10 \div \frac{1}{2}$ or $10 \times 2$ <br> or $10 \div 30$ or $0.33 \ldots$ <br> or $10 \div 0.3(0)$ | M1 | oe |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | 20 | A1 |  |


| 13 | $20 \div(1+3)$ or $20 \div 4$ or 5 | M1 | red in 20 litres of light pink |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |
|  | their $5 \times 3$ or 15 | M1dep | white in 20 litres of light pink |
|  | their $15 \times 2$ or 30 | M1dep | dep on M2 <br> red needed for dark pink |
|  | 25 | A1 |  |


| Q Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 14(a) | $\begin{aligned} & 1.2 \times 0.8 \times 2+1.2 \times 0.6 \times 2 \\ & +0.8 \times 0.6 \times 2=4.32 \\ & \text { or } 0.96 \times 2+0.72 \times 2+0.48 \times 2=4.32 \\ & \text { or } 2(0.96+0.72+0.48)=4.32 \\ & \text { or } 1.92+1.44+0.96=4.32 \end{aligned}$ | B2 | B1 $1.2 \times 0.8(\times 2)$ or 0.96 or 1.92 or $1.2 \times 0.6(\times 2)$ or 0.72 or 1.44 or $0.8 \times 0.6(\times 2)$ or 0.48 or 0.96 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |
|  | $1.2 \times 0.8 \times 0.6$ |  | B0 |


| 14(b) | Alternative method 1 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $4.32 \times 3 \times 8$ or 103.68 |  |  | M1 | oe |
|  | $15 \times 6.5$ or 97.5 |  |  | M1 |  |
|  | 103.68 and 97.5 and No |  |  | A1 |  |
|  | Alternative method 2 |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 4.32 \times 3 \\ & \text { or } 12.96 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4.32 \times 8 \\ & \text { or } 34.56 \end{aligned}$ | $4.32 \div 6.5$ <br> or 0.66... | M1 |  |
|  | their 12.96 $\times 8 \div 6.5$ | their 34.56 $\times 3 \div 6.5$ | their 0.66... $\times 3 \times 8$ | M1dep | oe |
|  | [15.9, 16] and No |  |  | A1 |  |

Mark scheme for Q14(b) continues on the next page

| $\mathbf{Q}$ | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| Alternative method 3 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & 4.32 \times 3 \\ & \text { or } 12.96 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4.32 \times 8 \\ & \text { or } 34.56 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4.32 \div 15 \\ & \text { or } 0.288 \end{aligned}$ | M1 |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { their } 12.96 \\ & \times 8 \div 15 \end{aligned}$ | their 34.56 $\times 3 \div 15$ | their 0.288 $\times 3 \times 8$ | M1dep | oe |
| 6.9... and No |  |  | A1 |  |

Alternative method 4

| $14(b)$ | $4.32 \times 3$ or 12.96 | M 1 |
| :--- | :---: | :--- |
| $15 \times 6.5 \div$ their 12.96 <br> or $97.5 \div$ their 12.96 | M 1 dep |  |
| $7.5 \ldots$ and No | A 1 |  |

## Alternative method 5

| $4.32 \times 8$ or 34.56 | M 1 |  |
| :--- | :---: | :--- |
| $15 \times 6.5 \div$ their 34.56 <br> or $97.5 \div$ their 34.56 | M1dep |  |
| $2.8 \ldots$ and No | A 1 |  |


| 15(a) | Pam has $(80+x)$ beads <br> Ellie has $(44-x)$ beads | B1 |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |


| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| 15(b) | Alternative method 1 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $80+x=3(44-x)$ | B1ft | Correct equation or ft their (a) Missing brackets may be recovered |
|  | $80+x=132-3 x$ | M1 | Expands their bracket, allow one error |
|  | $x+3 x=132-80$ | M1 | Collects terms for their equation <br> Allow one sign error <br> their equation must have $x$ on both sides |
|  | 13 | Q1ft | Strand (ii) Their equation solved correctly ft their (a) if M2 and no errors SC3 13 with no equation |
|  | Alternative method 2 |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 3 y+y=80+44 \\ & \text { or } 4 y=124 \end{aligned}$ | B1 | oe correct equation <br> $y$ is the number of beads Ellie now has |
|  | $(y=) 124 \div 4$ or 31 | M1 |  |
|  | 44 - their 31 <br> or $3 \times$ their $31-80$ or $93-80$ | M1dep |  |
|  | 13 | Q1 | Strand (ii) Correct answer with correct equation seen <br> SC3 13 with no equation |

## Additional Guidance on next page

| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



| $\mathbf{Q}$ | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |


|  | Alternative method 3 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $22 \times 15 \times 5$ or 1650 | M1 |  |
|  | $3.96 \div$ their 1650 or 0.0024 | M1dep | oe |
| 16 | their $0.0024 \times 1.5(0)$ or 0.0036 | M1dep | oe <br> dep on M2 |
|  | $\pi \times 10 \times 10 \times 5$ or $500 \pi$ or [1570, 1571] | M1 |  |
|  | their $[1570,1571] \times$ their 0.0036 <br> or [5.64, 5.66] | M1dep | oe <br> dep on M4 |
|  | 5.64 or 5.65 or 5.66 | Q1 | Strand (i) <br> Must use correct money notation |
|  | Alternative method 4 |  |  |
|  | $22 \times 15$ or 330 | M1 | Using total surface area M0 |
|  | $3.96 \div$ their 330 or 0.012 or their $330 \div 3.96$ or $83.3 \ldots$ | M1dep | oe |
|  | $\pi \times 10 \times 10$ or [314, 314.2] | M1 |  |
|  | their $[314,314.2] \times$ their 0.012 or their $[314,314.2] \div$ their $83.3 \ldots$ or [3.76, 3.771] | M1dep | oe dep on M3 |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { their }[3.76,3.771] \times 1.5(0) \\ & \text { or }[5.64,5.66] \end{aligned}$ | M1dep | oe <br> dep on M4 |
|  | 5.64 or 5.65 or 5.66 | Q1 | Strand (i) <br> Must use correct money notation |


| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

## Alternative method 5

| $22 \times 15$ or 330 | M1 | Using total surface area M0 |
| :--- | :---: | :--- |
| $\pi \times 10 \times 10$ or $[314,314.2]$ | M1 |  |
| their $[314,314.2] \div$ their 330 or $0.95 \ldots$ <br> or their $330 \div$ their $[314,314.2]$ <br> or $[1.05,1.051]$ | M1dep | dep on M2 |
| their $0.95 \ldots \times 3.96$ <br> or $3.96 \div$ their $[1.05,1.051]$ <br> or $[3.76,3.771]$ | M1dep | oe <br> dep on M3 |
| their $[3.76,3.771] \times 1.5(0)$ <br> or $[5.64,5.66]$ | M1dep | oe <br> dep on M4 |
| 5.64 or 5.65 or 5.66 | Strand (i) <br> Must use correct money notation |  |

## Alternative method 6

| $22 \times 15$ or 330 | M1 | Using total surface area M0 |  |
| :--- | :---: | :--- | :---: |
| $3.96 \div$ their 330 or 0.012 | M1dep | oe |  |
| their $0.012 \times 1.5(0)$ or 0.018 | M1dep | oe <br> dep on M2 |  |
| $\pi \times 10 \times 10$ or $100 \pi$ or $[314,314.2]$ | M1 |  |  |
| their $[314,314.2] \times$ their 0.018 <br> or $[5.64,5.66]$ | Q1 | Strand (i) <br> Must use correct money notation <br> dep on M4 |  |
| 5.64 or 5.65 or 5.66 | Additional Guidance |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| Must consistently use volumes or consistently use base areas |  |  |  |
| For all method marks, may work in pence |  |  |  |


| $\mathbf{Q}$ | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 17 | Two correct trials [8.55, 8.65] which bracket 780 and <br> 8.6 as final answer | B4 | B3 As B4 response but 8.6 not the final answer <br> or <br> two correct trials [8.5, 8.6] which bracket 780 and 8.6 as final answer <br> B2 Two correct trials [8.1, 9] <br> B1 One correct trial [8.1, 9] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |
|  | Ignore incorrect trials |  |  |

Additional Guidance continues on the next page

| $\mathbf{Q}$ | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

Many 'correct' trials are shown in the table

| Trial | Acceptable values |
| :---: | :---: |
| 8.1 | [662, 663] |
| 8.2 | [685, 686] |
| 8.3 | [709, 710] |
| 8.4 | [733, 734] |
| 8.5 | [758, 759] |
| 8.55 | [771, 771.2314] |
| 8.56 | [773, 774] |
| 8.57 | [776, 776.313] |
| 8.58 | [778,779] |
| 8.59 | [781, 781.42] |
| 8.6 | [783, 784] |
| 8.61 | [786, 787] |
| 8.62 | [789, 789.113] |
| 8.63 | [791, 792] |
| 8.64 | [794, 794.3] |
| 8.65 | [796, 797] |
| 8.7 | [809, 810] |
| 8.8 | [836, 836.4] |
| 8.9 | [863, 863.4] |
| 9 | 891 |


| 18 | Any multiple of 60 | M1 | eg 60 or 120 or 180 <br> Accept in a list of multiples |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | (Number of packs of patties $=$ ) their multiple $\div 15$ or 8 or <br> (Number of packs of bread rolls =) their multiple $\div 20$ or 6 | M1dep | Implied by $£ 65.92$ or $£ 19.5(0)$ |
|  | 85.42 | A1 | SC2 Any multiple of 42.71 apart from 85.42 eg 42.71 or 128.13 or 170.84 or 213.55 |

