# General Certificate Secondary of Education January 2013 

Methods in Mathematics (Pilot) 9365

Unit 2 Foundation Tier 93652F

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## Glossary for Mark Schemes

GCSE examinations are marked in such a way as to award positive achievement wherever possible. Thus, for GCSE Mathematics papers, marks are awarded under various categories.

M Method marks are awarded for a correct method which could lead to a correct answer.

A Accuracy marks are awarded when following on from a correct method. It is not necessary to always see the method. This can be implied.

B Marks awarded independent of method.
Q Marks awarded for quality of written communication. (QWC)
MDep A method mark dependent on a previous method mark being awarded.

BDep A mark that can only be awarded if a previous independent mark has been awarded.
ft Follow through marks. Marks awarded following a mistake in an earlier step.

SC Special case. Marks awarded within the scheme for a common misinterpretation which has some mathematical worth.
oe Or equivalent. Accept answers that are equivalent.
eg, accept 0.5 as well as $\frac{1}{2}$
$[a, b] \quad$ Accept values between $a$ and $b$ inclusive.
25.3 ... Allow answers which begin 25.3 e.g. 25.3, 25.31, 25.378 .

Use of It is not necessary to see the bracketed work to award the brackets marks.

## M2 Foundation Tier

| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 1(a) | A, T and H ticked, S crossed | B2 | B1 for 2 or 3 correct |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :--- |
| 1(b) | X and S ticked, A and M crossed | B2 | B1 for 2 or 3 correct |


| 2(a) | 4 and 25 | B1 | Either order |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |
| 2(b) | 40 | B1 |  |


| 3(a) | Odd | B1 |  |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| 3(b) | Square | B1 |  |
| 3(c) | Prime | B1 |  |


| 4(a) | Obtuse | B1 |  |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :--- |
| 4(b) | $A B$ or $E D$ or $B A$ or $D E$ | B1 | Accept both if given |
| 4(c) | $E D$ | B1 | $D E$ |
| 4(d) | Evidence that diagram broken up <br> into triangles and <br> squares/rectangles. | M1 | Accept methods where areas calculated <br> using $\frac{1}{2}$ base $\times$ height. |
|  | Clear evidence that 10 squares <br> counted | A1 | Need to see $10-$ marks inside but not <br> numbered 10 |


| 5(a) | Correct sketch. | B1 | Do not accept rectangle |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5(b) | Correct sketch. | B1 | Do not accept rhombus |
| 5(c) |  | B1 | Square must have line as diagonal unless they have made a mistake and started over. |


| 6 | All conditions true. <br> Jacob 8 M Michael 3 or <br> Ethan 5 <br> Ethan 6 Michael 2 or <br> Ethan 7 Michael 1 | B3 | B2 Two conditions (J = 8 or E $>4$ or $\mathrm{E}+\mathrm{M}$ <br> $=8)$ |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| B1 One condition |  |  |  |


| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7 | Attempts at least 2 train fares and at least 2 bus fares or at least 1 bus fare +1 train fare . | M1 | $(87.50-14.50) \div 22$ |
|  | Combinations of the fares added that give an answer within $£ 15$ of $£ 87.50$ | M1Dep | $(87.50-3 \times 14.50) \div 22$ |
|  | 2 train, 3 bus | A1 | SC2 44 and 43.5 seen on correct answer lines if 2 and 3 not seen in working |
| $\begin{gathered} 7 \\ \text { Alt } \end{gathered}$ | Attempt at subtracting at least one 22 and one 14.5 seen | M1 |  |
|  | Answer within $£ 15$ of $£ 0$ | M1Dep | May then continue into negatives |
|  | 2 train, 3 bus | A1 | SC2 44 and 43.5 seen on correct answer lines if 2 and 3 not seen in working |


| $\mathbf{8 ( a )}$ | $5 w$ | B 1 |  |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :--- |
| $\mathbf{8 ( b )}$ | 9 | B 1 |  |
| $\mathbf{8 y y} \mathbf{8} \mathbf{8} \mathbf{c})$ | $3 y=9$ | M 1 |  |
|  | 3 | A 1 | Embedded '3' with wrong or no answer M1 <br> A0 |


| 9(a) | $(2,1)$ | B1 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 9(b) | Correct plot | B1 | Accept point drawn but not labelled or just $B$ in correct position |
| 9(c) | C marked at $(2,-3)$ or $(-4,-3)$ or $(-4,5)$ or $(2,5)$ | B2ft | B 1 for any right angled triangle with $A B$ as a side. <br> B1 for $C$ marked anywhere on $y=-3$ or $y=$ 5 <br> Do not need to have lines drawn ft for their B |


| Q Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 10(a) | A and F | B1 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1 0 ( b ) ~}$ | C and D | B1 |  |
| $\mathbf{1 0 ( c )}$ | E and F | B2 | B1 for either |
| $\mathbf{1 0 ( d ) ~}$ |  | B1 | Or any that work <br> All 3 pieces shown and shapes correct <br> sizes |


| 11(a) | $4 \times 4 \times 6$ | M1 |  |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :--- |
|  | 96 | A1 |  |
| 11(b) | 'No' selected and valid reason such <br> as: <br> Only holds 8. <br> Not high enough for 2 layers or 2 cm. <br> Need to cut | B2 | B1 Correct reason but incorrect or no <br> decision <br> SC1 Yes ticked and volume clearly <br> calculated as $12 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}-$ must have <br> evidence of calculation. <br> Ignore units |


| 12(a) | $180-75(=105)$ | M1 | oe |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |
|  | $3 a=$ their 105 | M1dep | Their $105 \div 3$ |
|  | 35 | A1 |  |
| 12(b) | $(180-40) \div 2$ | M1 | Allow invisible brackets |
|  | 70 | A1 |  |


| $* \mathbf{1 3}$ | $65^{\circ}$ | B1 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Corresponding | Q1 | Strand (i) <br> If other explanations involving angles on a <br> straight line, interior, opposite, alternate <br> angles etc. must be complete <br> eg 65 marked opposite 65 given and <br> 'Alternate, opposite' is Q1 |


| $\mathbf{Q}$ | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 14(a) | $[1.4,1.6]$ | B1 | accept as ratio in form 1: $[1.4,1.6]$ or as $\times$ <br> $[1.4,1.6]$ <br> 'increase by half' etc. $\mathrm{B0}$ |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :--- |
| 14(b) | 18 | B1ft | $\mathrm{ft} 12 \times$ their 14a |


| 15(a) | 2 | B1 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1 5 ( b ) ~}$ | $6 y=9$ | M1 | oe accept $6 y=-9$ for M1 <br> Accept $18 y=9$ for M1 |
|  | 1.5 | A1 | Embedded '1.5' with wrong or no answer <br> M1 A0 |


| $\mathbf{1 6}$ | $5,17,37$ | B3 | B1 for each <br> SC2 $-4,16,36$ on answer line |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1 6}$ <br> Alt | List of squares or list of primes | M1 | At least 3 (below 50) - allow 1 incorrect for <br> every 4 correct <br> 3 square numbers on answer line M1M0A0 |
|  | Adds 1 on to squares or subtracts 1 <br> from primes | M1Dep | At least 3 |
|  | $5,17,37$ | A1 | All 3 <br> SC2 $-4,16,36$ on answer line |



| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1 7 ( c )}$ | origin or (0, 0) or O | B1ft | Multiple transformations, even if correct <br> answer also seen is B0BO |
|  | $180^{\circ}$ or half-turn (direction need not <br> be stated or can be ignored) | B1ft | Correct answer or ft their C . eg if C is 1 unit <br> to the left then the rotation will be $180^{\circ}$ <br> about <br> $(-0.5,0)$. Must be a rotation as this is <br> stated in the question. <br> If a correct combined rotation is given eg <br> $90^{\circ}$ clockwise followed by $90^{\circ}$ clockwise <br> must have appropriate directions is B1 but <br> $90^{\circ}$ followed by $90^{\circ}$ would be B0. |


| 18 | $0.68 \times 480$ | M1 | oe <br> Attempt at calculating $68 \%($ e.g. $6 \times 10 \%+$ <br> $8 \times 1 \%)$ including $(10 \%=) 48$ or $(1 \%=) 4.8$ <br> seen |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :--- |
|  | 326.4 | A1 |  |
|  | $900 \div 8 \times 3$ | M1 | oe <br> $112.5 \times 3$ |
|  | 337.5 | A1 | Q1 <br> Correct method based on their <br> values calculated |
|  | Qtrand if both M marks not awarded. <br> Q1 can be given if A marks not given if M <br> marks awarded. |  |  |


| 19a | 32 | B1 |  |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :--- |
|  | 65 | B1 |  |
| 19b | $1^{\text {st }}$ and 4 4h <br> eg 1 (2) (4) 8 Double that fit their rule <br> $0(2)(4) 6$ Goes up in 2s or $2 n-2$ <br> (oe) <br> $\sqrt{ } 2,2,4,16$, square previous term <br> $2,2,4,6$, Fibonacci <br> $1,2,4,7$ Goes up 1 more each time | B2 | B1 for a valid rule but wrong values. |


| 20 | $25^{2}+43^{2}$ | M1 | $43^{2}-25^{2}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |
|  | Vtheir 2474 | M1dep |  |
|  | $49.7 \ldots$ | A1 | Accept 50 with working |


| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 21 | $5 \times 1.5$ (= 7.5) | M1 |  |
|  | $7.5 \div 3(=2.5)$ | A1 |  |
|  | $2.5+2.5+1.5+1.5(=8)$ | M1 | $1.5 \times 2.5$ (= 3.75) |
|  | Their $8 \times 7.5$ | M1dep | $16 \times$ their 3.75 |
|  | 60 | A1 | SC2 answer 67.5 (length $=2 \times$ width) SC1 answer 72 |


| 22 | $19+15$ (= 34) | M1 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 30-4 (= 26) | M1 |  |
|  | Their 34 - their 26 | M1 |  |
|  | 8 | A1 | NB 8 on answer line is 4 marks |
| $\begin{aligned} & 22 \\ & \text { Alt } \end{aligned}$ | Venn diagram filled in with 4 'outside' | B1 |  |
|  | Total in one circle $=19$ and total in other circle $=15$ | B1 |  |
|  | 8 in intersection Correct Venn Diagram is 3 marks. Diagram need not be labelled. | B1 | Dashes or 'lists' eg 1, 2, 3, 4 or tallies |
|  | 8 | B1ft | NB 8 on answer line is 4 marks ft from the intersection of their Venn Diagram if populated. |

