GCSE
Mathematics
Paper 3 Higher Tier
Mark scheme

8300
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Version: 1.0 Final

Mark schemes are prepared by the Lead Assessment Writer and considered, together with the relevant questions, by a panel of subject teachers. This mark scheme includes any amendments made at the standardisation events which all associates participate in and is the scheme which was used by them in this examination. The standardisation process ensures that the mark scheme covers the students' responses to questions and that every associate understands and applies it in the same correct way. As preparation for standardisation each associate analyses a number of students' scripts. Alternative answers not already covered by the mark scheme are discussed and legislated for. If, after the standardisation process, associates encounter unusual answers which have not been raised they are required to refer these to the Lead Assessment Writer.

It must be stressed that a mark scheme is a working document, in many cases further developed and expanded on the basis of students' reactions to a particular paper. Assumptions about future mark schemes on the basis of one year's document should be avoided; whilst the guiding principles of assessment remain constant, details will change, depending on the content of a particular examination paper.

Further copies of this mark scheme are available from aqa.org.uk

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## Glossary for Mark Schemes

GCSE examinations are marked in such a way as to award positive achievement wherever possible. Thus, for GCSE Mathematics papers, marks are awarded under various categories.

If a student uses a method which is not explicitly covered by the mark scheme the same principles of marking should be applied. Credit should be given to any valid methods. Examiners should seek advice from their senior examiner if in any doubt.

M Method marks are awarded for a correct method which could lead to a correct answer.

A Accuracy marks are awarded when following on from a correct method. It is not necessary to always see the method. This can be implied.

B Marks awarded independent of method.
ft

SC Special case. Marks awarded for a common misinterpretation which has some mathematical worth.

M dep $\quad$ A method mark dependent on a previous method mark being awarded.

B dep A mark that can only be awarded if a previous independent mark has been awarded.
oe
Or equivalent. Accept answers that are equivalent.
eg accept 0.5 as well as $\frac{1}{2}$
[a, b] Accept values between a and b inclusive.
[a, b) $\quad$ Accept values $\mathrm{a} \leq$ value $<\mathrm{b}$
3.14... Accept answers which begin 3.14 eg 3.14, 3.142, 3.1416

Use of brackets It is not necessary to see the bracketed work to award the marks.

Examiners should consistently apply the following principles

## Diagrams

Diagrams that have working on them should be treated like normal responses. If a diagram has been written on but the correct response is within the answer space, the work within the answer space should be marked. Working on diagrams that contradicts work within the answer space is not to be considered as choice but as working, and is not, therefore, penalised.

## Responses which appear to come from incorrect methods

Whenever there is doubt as to whether a student has used an incorrect method to obtain an answer, as a general principle, the benefit of doubt must be given to the student. In cases where there is no doubt that the answer has come from incorrect working then the student should be penalised.

## Questions which ask students to show working

Instructions on marking will be given but usually marks are not awarded to students who show no working.

## Questions which do not ask students to show working

As a general principle, a correct response is awarded full marks.

## Misread or miscopy

Students often copy values from a question incorrectly. If the examiner thinks that the student has made a genuine misread, then only the accuracy marks (A or B marks), up to a maximum of 2 marks are penalised. The method marks can still be awarded.

## Further work

Once the correct answer has been seen, further working may be ignored unless it goes on to contradict the correct answer.

## Choice

When a choice of answers and/or methods is given, mark each attempt. If both methods are valid then M marks can be awarded but any incorrect answer or method would result in marks being lost.

## Work not replaced

Erased or crossed out work that is still legible should be marked.

## Work replaced

Erased or crossed out work that has been replaced is not awarded marks.

## Premature approximation

Rounding off too early can lead to inaccuracy in the final answer. This should be penalised by 1 mark unless instructed otherwise.

## Continental notation

Accept a comma used instead of a decimal point (for example, in measurements or currency), provided that it is clear to the examiner that the student intended it to be a decimal point.

| Question | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 1 | $-4<x \leqslant 5$ | B1 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |


| $\mathbf{2}$ | $1: 2$ | B1 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |


| 3 | $2 n-12$ | B 1 |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |


| 4 | $y=-5$ | B 1 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |



| Question | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 6 | Lists three from $3,9,27,81,243,729$ <br> or lists three from $1,4,9,16, \ldots, 225,256,289$ <br> or correctly evaluating a power of $3+$ a square number <br> or correctly evaluating 268 - a power of 3 <br> or correctly evaluating <br> 268 - a square number | M1 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { eg } 27+25=52 \text { or } 3^{3}+5^{2}=52 \\ & \text { eg } 268-27=241 \\ & \text { eg } 268-49=219 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $243+25$ or $3^{5}+5^{2}$ | A1 | oe <br> Addition sign must be seen in working or on answer line |  |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  | $3^{5}, 5^{2}$ or $3^{5}$ and $5^{2}$ on answer line |  |  | M1A0 |
|  | $268-243=25$ |  |  | M1A0 |
|  | 243, 25 or 243 and 25 on answer line |  |  | M1A0 |
|  | Beware of $5^{3}+5^{2}$ |  |  |  |


| 7 | $10<t \leq 15$ | B1 |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
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| Question | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| Alt 1 of 2 | Alternative method 1 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $P A B=51$ <br> or $P A D=51$ <br> or $A P C=180-51$ <br> or $A P C=129$ | M1 |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & A B P=180-51-\text { their } 51 \\ & \text { or } A B P=180-102 \\ & \text { or } A B P=78 \\ & \text { or } A D C=180-\text { their } 51-\text { their } 51 \\ & A D C=180-102 \\ & A D C=78 \end{aligned}$ | M1dep | $P A B=51$ and $P A D=51$ or $B A D=102$ |
|  | $B C D=180-$ their 78 <br> or $B C D=360-$ their $129-$ their 51 <br> - their 78 <br> or $B C D=360-258$ <br> or $B C D=102$ <br> or $4 x=180-$ their 78 <br> or $4 x=360$ - their 129 - their 51 their 78 <br> or $4 x=360-258$ <br> or $4 x=102$ <br> or $102 \div 4$ | M1dep | oe eg $B C D=(360-2 \times$ their 78$) \div 2$ <br> or $4 x=(360-2 \times$ their 78$) \div 2$ |
|  | 25.5 | A1 |  |


| Question | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| $\begin{gathered} 8 \\ \text { Alt } 2 \text { of } \\ 2 \end{gathered}$ | Alternative method 2 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & A B C=180-3 x-x \\ & \text { or } A B C=180-4 x \\ & \text { or } A P C=180-51 \\ & \text { or } A P C=129 \end{aligned}$ | M1 |  |
|  | $P A B=2 x$ <br> or $A P B=2 x$ <br> or $2 x=51$ | M1dep |  |
|  | $51 \div 2$ | M1dep |  |
|  | 25.5 | A1 |  |
|  |  | itional | Guidance |
|  | Angles must be label | diagram |  |


| Question | Answer | Mark | Comments |
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| Question | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 9(b) | (Speed) $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{s}^{\text {or }} \mathrm{ms}^{-1}$ <br> (Acceleration) $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ or $\mathrm{ms}^{-2}$ or $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{s} / \mathrm{s}$ | B2 | B1 for one correct <br> or two mutually consistent units eg km/h and $\mathrm{km} / \mathrm{h}^{2}$ <br> Accept mps for $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{s}$ and $\mathrm{mps}^{2}$ for $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  | Allow units given in words <br> eg metres per second <br> metres per second squared or metres per second per second |  |  |  |
|  | $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{s}^{-1}$ (speed) |  |  | B0 |
|  | $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{s}^{-2}$ (acceleration) |  |  | B0 |


| 10 | Two pairs of intersecting arcs with equal radii > $0.5 A B$ | M1 | tolerance $\pm 0.1 \mathrm{~cm}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Perpendicular bisector drawn with correct method seen | A1 | tolerance $\pm 0.1 \mathrm{~cm}$ |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |


| Question | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


|  | 80 | B1 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 44 and 36 | B1ft | ft their 80-44 |  |
|  | 27 and 9 | B1ft | ft their $36 \div 4 \times 3$ and ft their $36 \div 4$ |  |
|  | 15 and 29 | B1ft | ft 42 - their 27 <br> and ft 38 - their 9 <br> Total on ft must be 44 |  |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
| 11(a) |  |   | Gender | B1B1B1B1 |
|  | Mark diagram only, do not allow misread |  |  |  |
|  | Values may be rounded up or down to whole numbers provided the total is correct |  |  |  |
|  | Penalise the use of relative frequencies on the first occurrence only |  |  |  |
|  | If relative frequencies are shown the denominator must be 80 and not simplified eg $3 / 4$ and $1 / 4$ is B0 |  |  |  |

Boucher

| Question | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 11(b) | $\begin{aligned} & 85 \% \\ & \text { or } 0.85 \end{aligned}$ | M1 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 27.2 \div 0.85 \\ & \text { or } 27.2 \div 85(\times 100) \text { or } 0.32 \end{aligned}$ | M1dep |  |  |
|  | 32(.00) | A1 | Correct money notatio Allow £32.00p |  |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  | 32.0 |  |  | M1M1A0 |


| 12(a) | $140 \div 50 \text { or } 2.8$ <br> or $140 \div 50 \times 60$ or 168 | M1 | oe |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2 (hours) 48 (minutes) | A1 | 258 (minutes) (after midday) implies M1A1 |  |
|  | 4.18 (pm) | A1ft | oe <br> ft their time in hours and minutes with M1 awarded |  |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  | $140 \div 50$ or $2.8=2$ hours 80 minutes $=3$ hours 20 minutes, Answer 4.50 |  |  | M1A0A1ft |
|  | $140 \div 50$ or $2.8=2$ hours 8 minutes, Answer 3.38 |  |  | M1A0A1ft |
|  | $140 \div 50$ or $2.8=2$ hours 80 minutes $=3$ hours 20 minutes, Answer 4.5 |  |  | M1A0A0 |
|  | $140 \div 50$ or 2.8, Answer 4.10 |  |  | M1A0A0 |
|  | 2 hours 8 minutes implies attempt at $140 \div 50$ |  |  | M1 |


| Question | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| 12(b) | Valid statement | B1ft | eg the arrival time will be later it will be later time will be more ft their time in (a) eg it will be after 4.18pm |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  | It will be delayed |  |  | B1 |
|  | The arrival time will be increased |  |  | B1 |
|  | He will reach there late |  |  | B1 |
|  | The time will go up |  |  | B1 |
|  | It will go up |  |  | B1 |
|  | The journey will take longer so the arrival time is later |  |  | B1 |
|  | Take longer |  |  | B0 |
|  | Longer |  |  | B0 |
|  | Slower (restating question) |  |  | B0 |
|  | You won't get there as quick |  |  | B0 |
|  | Time will be longer |  |  | B0 |
|  | Journey will be longer |  |  | B0 |
|  | 'Longer' is referring to a time period rather than an arrival time |  |  |  |


| Question | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |


|  | Fully correct box plot <br> Minimum $=0.5$ <br> $L Q=2$ <br> Median = 4 <br> $U Q=5$ <br> Maximum $=12$ | B3 | B2 for box plot with 3 or omission <br> B1 for at least 3 correct $p$ tolerance $\pm \frac{1}{2}$ square | cor <br> ots | ct plots or 1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |  |
| 13 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Any indication of correct plots |  |  |  |  |
|  | Whiskers may be omitted |  |  |  |  |
|  | Not a box plot scores a maximum of B1 |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1/2, 2, 3, 4, 12 plotted correctly in a box plot |  |  | B2 |  |
|  | 1/2, 2, 3, 4, 12 plotted correctly in a box plot with one point out of tolerance |  |  | B1 |  |
|  | $1 / 2,2,3,4,12$ not in a box plot |  |  | B1 |  |


| Question | Answer | Mark | Comments |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 14(a) | $6+5+2 x+x+2=31$ <br> or $3 x+13=31$ <br> or $3 x=18$ <br> or $\frac{5+2 x}{31}$ <br> or $\frac{5+2 x}{3 x+13}$ | M1 | oe equation $6+5+2(6)+6+2=31$ (embedded answer) |  |
|  | $(x=) 6$ | A1 |  |  |
|  | $\frac{17}{31}$ or $0.548 \ldots$ or 0.55 or $54.8 \ldots \%$ or $55 \%$ | A1ft | $\mathrm{ft} \underline{5}$ <br> or ft |  |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  | $x=6$, answer $\frac{12}{31}$ or answer $\frac{12}{31}$ alone (implied $x=6$ ) |  |  | M1A1A0 |
|  | $3 x=18, x=5$, answer $\frac{15}{31}$ or $\frac{18}{31}$ |  |  | M1A0A1ft |


| $\mathbf{1 4 ( b )}$ | $\frac{5}{11}$ or $0.45 \ldots$ or $45 .(\ldots) \%$ | B1 | oe |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |


| 15 | $2 x y$ | B 1 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |


| 16 | 36 | B 1 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |


| Question | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 17 | $\begin{aligned} & 13-5 \rightarrow 4152 \\ & \text { or } 8 \rightarrow 4152 \end{aligned}$ | M1 | oe <br> eg <br> $4152 \div 8$ or 519 seen <br> or 8 parts is 4152 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\frac{x+4152}{x}=\frac{13}{5}$ <br> or $5 x+20760=13 x$ <br> or $20760=8 x$ <br> or $2595=x$ <br> or (number of men =) 6747 <br> or (number of women =) 2595 <br> or (total number of people =) 12926 <br> or $4152 \div 8 \times 7$ or $519 \times 7$ | M1dep | oe |
|  | 3633 | A1 |  |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |


| Question | Answer | Mark | Comments |
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| Question | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 19 | 65 | B1 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |
|  | Alternate segment (theorem) | B1dep |  |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |
|  | 65 alternative segment (theorem) | B1 B0 |  |
|  | 65 alternate angles | B1 B0 |  |


| 20 | 3rd box indicated | B1 |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |


| 21 | $3^{8}$ or $3^{9}$ or $y^{6}$ <br> or $2 \times 3^{4} \times y^{3} \times 2 \times 3^{4} \times y^{3}$ <br> or $3 \times 2 \times 3^{4} \times y^{3} \times 2 \times 3^{4} \times y^{3}$ | M1 | 78732 or 19683 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $2^{2} \times 3^{8} \times y^{6}$ <br> or $3 \times 2^{2} \times 3^{8} \times y^{6}$ <br> or $2^{2}$ and $3^{9}$ and $y^{6}$ <br> or $2^{a} \times 3^{b} \times y^{c}$ <br> with two powers correct | M1dep | $\begin{aligned} & 2^{2} \times 19683 y^{6} \\ & 78732 y^{6} \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  | $2^{2} \times 3^{9} \times y^{6}$ | A1 | Must be in index form Do not ignore fw |  |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  | $2^{2} \times 3^{8} \times y^{6}$ |  |  | M1 M1 A0 |
|  | $2^{2}+3^{9} \times y^{6}$ |  |  | M1 M1 A0 |
|  | $2^{2}+3^{8}+y^{6}$ |  |  | M1 M0 A0 |


| Question | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 22 | $\begin{aligned} & 6^{2}+9^{2}-2 \times 6 \times 9 \times \cos 120 \\ & \text { or } 36+81-108 \cos 120 \\ & \text { or } 36+81+54 \\ & \text { or } 171 \end{aligned}$ | M1 | oe |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \sqrt{6^{2}+9^{2}-2 \times 6 \times 9 \times \cos 120} \\ & \text { or } \sqrt{36+81-108 \cos 120} \\ & \text { or } \sqrt{36+81+54} \end{aligned}$ | M1dep | oe |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & {[13,13.1]} \\ & \text { or } \sqrt{171} \text { or } 3 \sqrt{19} \end{aligned}$ | A1 |  |  |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} 6^{2}+9^{2} & =36+81 \\ & =117 \\ \text { Answer } & \sqrt{117} \end{aligned}$ |  |  | M0 |


| Question | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 23 |  |  | oe eg vertical line should be dotted |  |  |  | B1 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | oe eg region is not correct <br> May be shown on diagram |  |  |  | B1 |  |  |
|  |  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $x$ is not equal to 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | B1 |
|  |  | R does not include $x=3$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | B1 |
|  |  | Straight line should be less than 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | B1 |
|  |  | $x=3$ is not in the region |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | B1 |
|  |  | Line at $x=3$ is closed not open |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | B1 |
|  |  | Lines are not drawn correctly (not enough) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | B0 |
|  |  | Should have shaded above the dotted line ( $y>3-x$ ) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | B1 |
|  |  | $R$ should be where (2, 2 ) is |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | B1 |
|  |  | R should be shaded |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | B0 |


| Question | Answer | Mark | Comments |
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| 24 | Alternative method 1 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $4 a=9 b$ |  | M1 | oe $\frac{a}{b}=\frac{9}{4}$ |
|  | $4 a=9 \times \frac{7 c}{10}$ <br> or $40 a=63 c$ | $40 a=90 b$ <br> and $90 b=63 c$ | M1dep | oe $9: \frac{40}{7}$ |
|  | 63 : 40 |  | A1 | Accept $\frac{63}{40}: 1$ or $1.575: 1$ <br> or $1: \frac{40}{63}$ |
|  | Alternative method 2 |  |  |  |
|  | $b: c=7: 10$ |  | M1 |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & a: b=63: 90 \text { and } b: c=90: 40 \\ & \text { or } 63: 90: 40 \end{aligned}$ |  | M1dep | oe common value for $b$ |
|  | 63 : 40 |  | A1 | Accept $\frac{63}{40}: 1$ or $1.575: 1$ <br> or $1: \frac{40}{63}$ |


| Question | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 24 cont | Alternative method 3 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & a=\frac{9 b}{4} \text { or } c=\frac{10 b}{7} \\ & \frac{9 b}{4}: \frac{10 b}{7} \text { or } \frac{9}{4}: \frac{10}{7} \end{aligned}$ | M1 | oe |  |
|  |  | M1dep |  |  |
|  | 63 : 40 | A1 | Accept $\frac{63}{40}: 1$ or $1.575: 1$ <br> or $1: \frac{40}{63}$ |  |
|  | Alternative method 4 |  |  |  |
|  | $c=\frac{10}{7} b$ | M1 | eg $a: c=a: \frac{10}{7} b$ |  |
|  | $9: \frac{10}{7} \times 4$ or $9: \frac{40}{7}$ | M1dep | oe |  |
|  | 63:40 | A1 | Accept $\frac{63}{40}: 1$ or $1.575: 1$ or $1: \frac{40}{63}$ |  |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  | $2^{\text {nd }}$ method mark is for a link between $a$ and c or a correct ratio in an unsimplified form |  |  |  |
|  | $40: 63$ on answer line |  |  | M1M1A0 |


| Question | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |



| 26 | Full explanation stating one of $a+b$ or $a-b$ must be 1 and $a+b$ cannot be 1 and $a-b$ must be 1 | B2 | B1 partial explanation ie $a+b$ or $a-b$ must be 1 or $a+b$ cannot be 1 or $a-b$ must be 1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |


| Question | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |



| Question | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 28 | $p \times q^{1-1}=10$ <br> or $p \times q^{0}=10$ <br> or $p \times q^{6-1}=0.3125$ <br> or $p \times q^{5}=0.3125$ | M1 | oe |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $p=10$ <br> or $10 \times q^{6-1}=0.3125$ or $q^{5}=0.3125 \div$ their 10 or $q^{5}=0.03125$ | M1dep |  |
|  | $\sqrt[5]{\text { their } 0.03125}$ or 0.5 | M1dep | oe |
|  | their $10 \times$ their $0.5^{2}$ or their $10 \times$ their $(\sqrt[5]{\text { their } 0.03125})^{2}$ or their $10 \times$ their $0.03125^{\frac{2}{5}}$ | M1dep |  |
|  | 2.5 | A1 |  |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |


| 29 | $-3-2-1012$ | B2 for 5 correct and 0 incorrect <br> or 6 correct and 1 incorrect |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |
|  | Do not accept coordinates |  |  |


| Question | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| 30 | $\frac{6 x^{2}+3}{3}$ <br> or $2 x^{2}+1$ <br> or $\frac{6 x^{2}+3}{3}+4$ <br> or $2 x^{2}+1+4$ | M1 | oe |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $2 x^{2}+5$ | A1 |  |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |


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