# AQA

# GCSE Mathematics

Paper 2 Foundation Tier

Mark scheme

8300 November 2017

Version: 1.0 Final

Mark schemes are prepared by the Lead Assessment Writer and considered, together with the relevant questions, by a panel of subject teachers. This mark scheme includes any amendments made at the standardisation events which all associates participate in and is the scheme which was used by them in this examination. The standardisation process ensures that the mark scheme covers the students' responses to questions and that every associate understands and applies it in the same correct way. As preparation for standardisation each associate analyses a number of students' scripts. Alternative answers not already covered by the mark scheme are discussed and legislated for. If, after the standardisation process, associates encounter unusual answers which have not been raised they are required to refer these to the Lead Assessment Writer.

It must be stressed that a mark scheme is a working document, in many cases further developed and expanded on the basis of students' reactions to a particular paper. Assumptions about future mark schemes on the basis of one year's document should be avoided; whilst the guiding principles of assessment remain constant, details will change, depending on the content of a particular examination paper.

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#### **Glossary for Mark Schemes**

GCSE examinations are marked in such a way as to award positive achievement wherever possible. Thus, for GCSE Mathematics papers, marks are awarded under various categories.

If a student uses a method which is not explicitly covered by the mark scheme the same principles of marking should be applied. Credit should be given to any valid methods. Examiners should seek advice from their senior examiner if in any doubt.

М	Method marks are awarded for a correct method which could lead to a correct answer.
A	Accuracy marks are awarded when following on from a correct method. It is not necessary to always see the method. This can be implied.
В	Marks awarded independent of method.
ft	Follow through marks. Marks awarded for correct working following a mistake in an earlier step.
SC	Special case. Marks awarded for a common misinterpretation which has some mathematical worth.
M dep	A method mark dependent on a previous method mark being awarded.
B dep	A mark that can only be awarded if a previous independent mark has been awarded.
oe	Or equivalent. Accept answers that are equivalent.
	eg accept 0.5 as well as $\frac{1}{2}$
[a, b]	Accept values between a and b inclusive.
[a, b)	Accept values a ≤ value < b
3.14	Accept answers which begin 3.14 eg 3.14, 3.142, 3.1416
Use of brackets	It is not necessary to see the bracketed work to award the marks.

Examiners should consistently apply the following principles

#### Diagrams

Diagrams that have working on them should be treated like normal responses. If a diagram has been written on but the correct response is within the answer space, the work within the answer space should be marked. Working on diagrams that contradicts work within the answer space is not to be considered as choice but as working, and is not, therefore, penalised.

#### Responses which appear to come from incorrect methods

Whenever there is doubt as to whether a student has used an incorrect method to obtain an answer, as a general principle, the benefit of doubt must be given to the student. In cases where there is no doubt that the answer has come from incorrect working then the student should be penalised.

#### Questions which ask students to show working

Instructions on marking will be given but usually marks are not awarded to students who show no working.

#### Questions which do not ask students to show working

As a general principle, a correct response is awarded full marks.

#### Misread or miscopy

Students often copy values from a question incorrectly. If the examiner thinks that the student has made a genuine misread, then only the accuracy marks (A or B marks), up to a maximum of 2 marks are penalised. The method marks can still be awarded.

#### **Further work**

Once the correct answer has been seen, further working may be ignored unless it goes on to contradict the correct answer.

#### Choice

When a choice of answers and/or methods is given, mark each attempt. If both methods are valid then M marks can be awarded but any incorrect answer or method would result in marks being lost.

#### Work not replaced

Erased or crossed out work that is still legible should be marked.

#### Work replaced

Erased or crossed out work that has been replaced is not awarded marks.

#### Premature approximation

Rounding off too early can lead to inaccuracy in the final answer. This should be penalised by 1 mark unless instructed otherwise.

#### **Continental notation**

Accept a comma used instead of a decimal point (for example, in measurements or currency), provided that it is clear to the examiner that the student intended it to be a decimal point.

Question	Answer	Mark	Comments
1	135	B1	
2	2	B1	
3	<u>3</u> 100	B1	
4	A = 2B	B1	
5a	y <sup>2</sup>	B1	

	4 <i>a</i> + 11	B1 for each term		
	Additional Guidance			
5b	4a  or  11  or  4a + 11  seen and answer eg  15a			B1
	4a + 11 seen and then 'solves'B1			
	11 and -11 seen (without 4a seen)B0			В0

Question	Answer	Mark	Comme	nts
	Linear scale starting at 0 and increasing in 1s on vertical axis		Bar chart could be horizo	ntal
	Vertical axis labelled frequency or f or number			
	Title given or horizontal axis labelled (types of) bird(s)		B3 for all criteria met	
	Bars labelled with four bird names (allow R, S, W, L)	B3	B2 for 5 or 6 criteria met B1 for 3 or 4 criteria met	
	Four bars with equal widths			
	Equal gaps or no gaps between four bars			
	All heights correct		correct or ft their increasi	ng scale
	Additional Guidance			
	Mark intention throughout			
6	If grid is blank, allow axes to be transpos			
	If axes and labels do not match the orier the marks for crtieria 3 (must be a title),	B1 max		
	All values not needed for axis scale eg 0 be linear	) can be i	implied but spacing must	
	Scale of 2 units per square does not me			
	Allow words after 'Number' on axis label birds'. Also allow eg Amount of birds	eg 'Num	ber seen', 'Number of	
	Title must include the word bird			
	Condone different gap between the vertigaps equal or no other gaps	ical axis a	and the first bar with other	
	If no axis scale, bars with heights 2, 5, 3	, 1 meet	heights criterion	
	Points only or vertical lines can score the	e marks f	for criteria 1, 2, 3, 4 and 7	B2 max

Question	Answer	Mark	Comme	nts	
	Alternative method 1				
	£2 + £1 + 50p + 20p + 20p + 5p + 2p or (£)3.97		Accept incorrect or missi	ng units	
	or		Totals either set of coins		
	£1 + 50p + 2p + 1p or (£)1.53				
	or	M1	or		
	$\pounds 2 + \pounds 1 + 50p + 20p + 20p + 5p + 2p + $ $\pounds 1 + 50p + 2p + 1p \text{ or } (\pounds)5.5(0)$		Totals all coins		
	or		or		
	$\pounds 2 + \pounds 1 + 50p + 20p + 20p + 5p + 2p - 2p - 4p - 2p - 2$				
	$\pounds 1 - 50p - 2p - 1p$ or $(\pounds)2.44$		Works out difference		
	(their 3.97 + their 1.53) ÷ 2 or		ое		
	their (£) 5.5(0) ÷ 2 or (£)2.75	M1dep	Accept incorrect or missi	ng units	
	or				
	(their 3.97 – their 1.53) ÷ 2 or				
7	their (£) 2.44 ÷ 2 or (£)1.22				
	C1. 20n and 2n	A 4	oe eg £1.00, £0.20, £0.0	02	
	£1, 20p and 2p	A1	Correct units must be give	ren	
	Alternative method 2				
	Moves 3 coins from Eve to Ola and correctly evaluates one set of coins	M1	Accept incorrect or missi	ng units	
	Moves a different set of 3 coins from Eve to Ola and correctly evaluates both sets of coins	M1dep	Accept incorrect or missing units		
			oe eg £1.00, £0.20, £0.0	02	
	£1, 20p and 2p	A1	Correct units must be given		
	Ad	ditional	Guidance		
	Answer of 1, 20, 2 with some or all units	s incorrec	t or missing	M1M1A0	
	Do not accept eg £0.20p			AO	

Question	Answer	Mark	Comme	ents
	12.5(0) + 12.5(0) ÷ 2 or 12.5(0) + 6.25 or 12.5(0) × 1.5 or 18.75	M1	oe Cost of 2 suits	
	9.75 × 4 or 9.75 × $\frac{2}{3}$ × 6 or 6.5(0) × 6 or 39(.00)	M1	oe eg 9.75 × 6 – 9.75 × 2 o Cost of 6 dresses	or 58.5(0) – 19.5
8	their 18.75 + their 39(.00)	M1dep	dep on at least M1 award Must be adding their suit dress(es) May be implied by final a	(s) and their
	57.75	A1	Accept £57.75p	
	Ade	ditional C	Guidance	
	6.25 + 9.75 × 6			M0M0M0dep
	6.25 + 39			M0M1M1dep
	12.50 × 2 + 39			M0M1M1dep
	18.75 + 9.75 × 2			M1M0M1dep

Question	Answer	Mark	Commen	ts	
	Alternative method 1				
	18 – 4 or 14 seen	M1	oe eg 4 + 14 = 18		
	39 – 2 × their 14 or 39 – 28 or 11	M1dep	oe eg 14, 14, 11		
	15	A1			
	Alternative method 2				
9	39 + 3 × 4 or 39 + 12 or 51	M1			
	their 51 – 2 × 18 or their 51 – 36	M1dep			
	15	A1			
	Additional Guidance				
	14 may be implied by eg twins = 28 (but not just 28 seen)			M1	

	Fully correct table		B4	B1 for each correct de	ecision in a row	
		Must be true	Cannot be	true Might be true		
	The triangle is equilateral			$\checkmark$		
10	The triangle has at least one other acute angle	$\checkmark$				
	The triangle is right-angled			$\checkmark$		
	The other two angles are each less than 60°		$\checkmark$			
	Mark intention if crosses used eg if a cross is the only mark in a row assume that is the answer					
	More than one tick in a row is choice for that decision B0 for that row				B0 for that row	

Question	Answer	Mark	Comme	ents	
11	7	B1			
12	19.5	B1			
	752 951 or 752951 or 752,951	sitioning incorrect B1			
13a	Ad	Guidance			
	752.951			В0	
	20 000 and 400 and 10 and 800 000 and Yes		ft correct decision for the oe decision eg it is sensi B2 20 000 and 400 and B1 20 000 or 400 or 10	ble	
13b	Additional Guidance				
130	800 000 (and Yes) with no other values			В0	
	If answer to (a) is 800 000 to 1sf then the correct ft decision in (b) is Yes eg1 (a) 770 000 (b) decision should be Yes eg2 (a) 1762 (b) decision should be No eg3 (a) 752.951 (b) allow decision to be Yes or No				

Question	Answer	Mark	Comme	ents	
	Alternative method 1				
	Two of the three totals correct		Totals may be seen by ta	able	
	(2016 =) 136		Correct totals may be im	plied by means	
	(2015 =) 143		$(2016 \rightarrow 34, 2015 \rightarrow 35)$	.75, 2014 → 33)	
	(2014 =) 132	M1			
	or				
	17 + 64 + 50 + 5 and		Addition signs must be s	hown for horizontal	
	9 + 72 + 61 + 1 and addition but may be imp				
	19 + 58 + 53 + 2		numbers in their working		
	136 and 143 and 132 and 2015	A1	Totals may be seen by ta	able	
	or				
	34 and 35.75 and 33 and 2015				
14a	Alternative method 2				
144	8 and –8 and –11 and 4 or –7		Difference between 2016	6 and 2015	
	and	M1			
	–10 and 14 and 8 and –1 or 11		Difference between 2015	5 and 2014	
			Differences may be seen in table		
	-7 and 11 and 2015	A1	Differences may be seer	n in table	
	Additional Guidance				
	Differences may have consistently opposite signs for either comparison				
	Ignore totals for quarters shown				
	Allow Year 2 for 2015				
	136 and 143 and 132, answer 143			M1A0	
	136 and 143 and 132, answer 143 in 2015			M1A1	

14bQuarter 2B1

Question	Answer	Mark	Comments		
	Alternative method 1				
	80 × 0.55 or 44		ое		
	or	M1			
	120 × 0.7 or 84				
	80 × 0.55 + 120 × 0.7 or 44 + 84	M1dep	Correct method for both		
	or 128				
	(80 + 120) × 0.65 or 130		65% of total marks available		
	or	M1	or		
	their 128 ÷ (80 + 120) × 100 or their 128 ÷ 2 or 64		their total score for Riya as a percentage of full marks		
	128 and 130 and No or	A1	oe eg No, she needed 130 but was 2 marks short		
	64 and No		oe eg 0.64 and 0.65 and No		
15	Alternative method 2 – marks not scored				
	80 × 0.45 or 36		ое		
	or	M1			
	120 × 0.3 or 36				
	80 × 0.45 + 120 × 0.3 or 36 + 36	Midon	Correct method for both		
	or 72	M1dep			
	(80 + 120) × 0.35 or 70		35% of total marks available		
	or	M1	or		
	their 72 ÷ (80 + 120) × 100		their total score for Riya as a percentage of full marks		
	or their 72 ÷ 2				
	72 and 70 and No		oe eg No, she failed by 2 marks		
	or	A1	as as 0.26 and 0.25 and No		
	36 and 35 and No		oe eg 0.36 and 0.35 and No		

Alternative methods 3 and 4 and additional guidance continue on the next two pages

Question	Answer	Mark	Comments
	Alternative method 3		
	80 × 0.55 or 44	M1	oe
	(80 + 120) × 0.65 or 130	M1	65% of total marks available
	their 130 – their 44 or 86 and 120 × 0.7 or 84 or their 130 – their 44 or 86 and their 86 ÷ 120 × 100 or 71.6 or 72	M1dep	dep on M1M1
15 cont	86 and 84 and No or 71.6 or 72 and 70 and No	A1	oe eg No, she needed 2 more marks on B oe eg No, she needed 1.6% more on B
	Alternative method 4		
	120 × 0.7 or 84	M1	oe
	(80 + 120) × 0.65 or 130	M1	65% of total marks available
	their 130 – their 84 or 46 and 80 × 0.55 or 44 or their 130 – their 84 or 46 and their 46 ÷ 80 × 100 or 57.5	M1dep	dep on M1M1
	46 and 44 and No or 57.5 and 55 and No	A1	oe eg No, she needed 2 more marks on A oe eg No, she needed 2.5% more on A

Question	Answer	Mark	Comments						
	Additional Guidance								
	Build up steps for percentages must be method shown for any incorrect steps	correct c	r have fully correct						
	eg1 50% = 40, 5% = 16, section A = 5	MO							
	eg2 50% = 40, 5% = 80 × 0.05 = 16,	M1							
15 cont	Ignore % signs given with marks eg 44								
	128 and she needs 2 more marks impli	M1M1M1A1							
	55 + 70 = 125		МОМО						
	$125 \rightarrow 62.5\%$ and No	M1A0							
	Allow misread of 55% of 120 and 70%	max M3							

	$2 \times \pi \times 37$ or $\pi \times 74$ or $8 \times 37$ or 296	M1	Accept [3.14, 3.142] for $\pi$	
	[232, 233] or 74π	A1	May be implied by eg 74 $\pi$ +	
16	[528, 529] or 74π + 296	A1		
	Ado			
	360 – 37 × 8	M1A0A0		
	$37 \times 8$ or 296 seen and then eg halved	M1		

Question	Answer	Mark	Commen	ts		
	Alternative method 1					
	1.8 × -40 + 32 or -72	M1	oe eg 1.8(–40) + 32			
	$1.8 \times -40 + 32 = -40$ or $1.8 \times -40 = -72$ and $-72 + 32 = -40$	A1	oe eg 1.8(-40) + 32 = -40 Full working must be seen oe eg 1.8 × -40 = -72 and $-40 - 32 = -72$			
	Alternative method 2	I				
	$\frac{-40 - 32}{1.8}$ or -72	M1				
17a	$\frac{-40 - 32}{1.8} = -40$ or $-40 - 32 = -72 \text{ and } -72 \div 1.8 = -40$	Full working must be seen oe eg $-40 - 32 = -72$ and				
	Alternative method 3					
	F = $1.8F + 32$ and F - $1.8F = 32$ or $0.8F = -32$	M1	Forms equation in one var terms correctly using any I oe eg $1.8F - F = -32$ or	etter		
	(F= ) -32 ÷ 0.8 and F = -40	F = -40				
	Ade	Guidance				
	Ignore units					
	72 does not imply M1					
	Only –72 + 32 = –40	M1A0				

Question	Answer	Mark	its		
	No and 5 or No and correctly evaluated counter example	B1	1		
	Add	itional G	uidance		
	No, anything between –17°C and 0°C is	positive	in Fahrenheit	B1	
	No, anything between 0°F and 32°F is n	B1			
	Unless the range from –17°C to 0°C is g must be evaluated correctly				
17b	No because 1.8 × -15 is -27, and 32 - 2	B0			
	Any temperature in Celsius between –17 as a counter-example				
	eg1 $1.8 \times -10 + 32 = 14$ so No	B1			
	eg2 $1.8 \times -1 + 32 = 30.2$ so No	B1			
	No because 14°F is –10°C	B1			
	Accept No because –10 = 14	B1			
	No because –15 is positive in Fahrenhe	B0			

Question	Answer	Mark	Commer	nts			
	Alternative method 1						
	$6 \times 4$ or 24 stated or implied as target total of the four cards	M1	Indicating 1, 5, 7 and 11 are				
	1 + 5 + 7 + 9 + 11 or 33	M1	four cards implies M2				
	9	A1					
	Alternative method 2	_					
	1, 5, 7, 9 $\rightarrow$ (1 + 5 + 7 + 9) ÷ 4		1, 5, 7, 9 $\rightarrow$ 22 ÷ 4				
	or 1, 5, 7, 11 $\rightarrow$ (1 + 5 + 7 + 11) ÷ 4		or 1, 5, 7, 11 $\rightarrow$ 24 $\div$ 4				
	or 1, 5, 9, 11 $\rightarrow$ (1 + 5 + 9 + 11) ÷ 4	M1	or 1, 5, 9, 11 $\rightarrow$ 26 $\div$ 4				
	or 1, 7, 9, 11 $\rightarrow$ (1 + 7 + 9 + 11) ÷ 4		or 1, 7, 9, 11 $\rightarrow$ 28 ÷ 4				
18	or 5, 7, 9, 11 $\rightarrow$ (5 + 7 + 9 + 11) ÷ 4		or 5, 7, 9, 11 $\rightarrow$ 32 ÷ 4				
	1, 5, 7, 9 → 5.5						
	or 1, 5, 7, $11 \rightarrow 6$						
	or 1, 5, 9, 11 $\rightarrow$ 6.5	A1					
	or 1, 7, 9, 11 $\rightarrow$ 7						
	or 5, 7, 9, $11 \rightarrow 8$						
	9	A1	with no error in the mean of 1, 5, 7, 11				
	Additional Guidance						
	Use the alternative scheme that award	ter mark					
	33 – 24		M1M1A0				
	$1 + 5 + 7 + 11 = 28$ , $28 \div 4 = 6$ , answ	no other work)	M1A0A0				
	120 ÷ (1 + 4) or 120 ÷ 5 or 24 or 96	M1	oe				

	24 : 96	A1	in order			
19a	Additional Guidance					
194	96:24 M1A					
	120 ÷ 5 and 120 ÷ 4 is choice unless intention is clear					
	Further cancelling after 24 : 96 seen eg 1	:4		M1A0		

Question	Answer	Mark	Comments			
19b	1.75:1 or $1\frac{3}{4}:1$ or $\frac{7}{4}:1$	B1				
	Alternative method 1					
	1350 × 0.02 or 27	M1				
	1350 + their 27 or 1377	M1dep	1350 × 1.02 or 1377 implies M1M1dep			
	their 1377 × 12 or 16 524	M1	Monthly pay × 12			
	47 × 37.5 or 1762.5	M1	May be seen as pay ÷ 47 ÷ 37.5			
	9.37 or 9.38	A1	Allow 9.40 with method Accept eg £9.38p but not 9.4			
20	Alternative method 2					
	1350 × 12 or 16 200	M1	Monthly pay × 12			
	their 16 200 × 0.02 or 324	M1dep				
	their 16 200 + their 324 or their 16 200 × 1.02 or 16 524	M1dep	dep on M1M1			
	47 × 37.5 or 1762.5	M1	May be seen as pay ÷ 47 ÷ 37.5			
	9.37 or 9.38	A1	Allow 9.40 with method Accept eg £9.38p but not 9.4			

### Alternative methods 3 and 4 and additional guidance continue on the next two pages

Question	Answer	Mark	Comments				
	Alternative method 3						
	1350 × 12 or 16 200	M1					
	47 × 37.5 or 1762.5	M1	May be seen as pay ÷ 47 ÷ 37.5				
	their 16 200 ÷ their 1762.5 or 9.19 and their 9.19 × 0.02 or 0.18	M1dep	Increase per hour dep on M1M1				
	their 9.19 + their 0.18	M1dep	dep on M1M1M1				
	9.37 or 9.38	A1	Allow 9.40 with method Accept eg £9.38p but not 9.4				
20 cont	Alternative method 4						
	47 × 37.5 or 1762.5	M1					
	their 1762.5 ÷ 12 or 146.87(5) or 146.88	M1dep	Hours per month				
	1350 ÷ their 146.87(5) or 9.19 and their 9.19 × 0.02 or 0.18	M1dep	Increase per hour				
	their 9.19 + their 0.18	M1dep					
	9.37 or 9.38	A1	Allow 9.40 with method Accept eg £9.38p but not 9.4				

Question	Answer	Mark	Comments	
	Ad	ditional	Guidance	
	Build up steps for 2% or 102% must be method shown for any incorrect steps	correct o	r have fully correct	
	eg1 1% = 135, 2% = 270, monthly p	ay = 1620	) MOMOd	ер
	eg2 1% = 135, 2% = 2 × 135 = 270,	pay = 1620 M0M0d	ер	
	eg3 1% = 1350 ÷ 100 = 135, 2% = 25	hly pay = 1620 M1M1d	ер	
20 cont	If correct methods or values are seen ig	ice of methods		
20 0011	27 or 16 200 or 1762.5	at least	M1	
	1377 or 324	at least M	1M1	
	16 524	at least M1	M1M1	
	1377 ÷ 4 = 344.25	M1M1d	ер	
	344.25 ÷ 37.5 = 9.18		MOMOA	40
	(unless other correct values seen elsew	/here in w	vorking)	

	К		м			oe B1	0.27 oe for relative	e frequency of L
	84	54	62		B2		0.31 oe for relative	e frequency of M
	0.42	0.27	0.31			or		
21a					B1ft	ft their 62 ÷ 200 for relative frequency of M		
	Adc				litional G	uidan	ce	
	<b>K</b>							B1ft
	0.4							

Question	Answer	Mark	Comments				
Alternative method 1							
	500 × 0.42		oe				
	or						
	$84 \times \frac{500}{200}$	M1					
	or						
	84 × 2 + 84 ÷ 2 or 168 + 42						
	210	A1					
	Alternative method 2						
	300 × 0.42 + 84	M1	ое				
	or 126 + 84						
046	210	A1					
21b	Additional Guidance						
	210 500	M1A0					
	Embedded answer eg 210 ÷ 500 = 0.42	M1A0					
	Misread of working out L or M (must see	e method	)				
	eg L: 500 × their 0.27 or $54 \times \frac{500}{200}$		M1A0				
	eg M: 500 × their 0.31 or their 62 × $\frac{50}{20}$						
	Build up steps must be correct or have t incorrect steps	ect method shown for any					
	eg1 200 = 84, 400 = 164, 100 = 42, 4	Answer 2	206	M0A0			
	eg2 200 = 84, 400 = 84 × 2 = 164, 10	00 = 42,	Answer 206	M1A0			

Question	Answer	Mark	Commen	ts			
	64 000 000 ÷ 95 000 or 673.() or 674 or $\frac{12\ 800}{19}$ or 82 000 000 ÷ 140 000 or 585.() or 586 or $\frac{4100}{7}$	ent divisions or 0.674 or 0.586					
	673.() or 674 or 670 and 585.() or 586 or 590 or $\frac{89\ 600}{133}$ and $\frac{77\ 900}{133}$	A1	Correct comparable valu consistent divisions eg 0.674 and 0.586 Accept 700 with division Accept 600 with division Germany	seen for UK			
22	Comparable values and correct conclusion	A1ft	eg 673 and 585 and greater for UK 0.673 and 0.585 and greater for UK ft M1A0 and comparable values Ignore further work				
	Additional Guidance						
	Comparable values means both must with common denominators						
	64 000 000 ÷ 95 000 = 67.4 82 000 000 ÷ 140 000 = 5857 Germany is higher	M1 A0 A1ft					
	Ignore subtraction of results						
	673 and 585 and UK has more people	M1A1A1ft					
	673 and 585 and Germany has more	M1A1A1ft					
	673 and 585 and UK's population is le	ess spread	d out	M1A1A1ft			
	673 and 585 and UK is more than Ge	rmany		M1A1A1ft			
	673 and 585 and UK is 78 more than	673 and 585 and UK is 78 more than Germany (ignore further work)					

Question	n Answer Mark Comments		Comments
	673 and 585 and the difference is 88	M1A1A0ft	
·	673 and 585 and UK population is big	M1A1A0ft	
	673 and 586 and UK	M1A1A0ft	
22 cont	673 and 585 and Germany has more s	M1A1A0ft	
	673 > 585 (unless links to countries in	M1A1A0ft	
	$\frac{12\ 800}{19}$ and $\frac{4100}{7}$ and UK is greater	parable) M1A0A0ft	

23	Number of televisions sold	B1	
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Question	Answer	Mark	Comme	nts
	Enlargement Scale factor (x) $\frac{1}{3}$ Centre (5, 1)	B1 B1 B1 ditional G		
24	Enlarge (x) $\frac{1}{3}$ (5, 1) Reduction or makes bigger or unenlargement or increase or			B1B1B1 1st B0
	negative enlargementAny other transformation mentioned or implied such as reflection, rotation or translation loses the mark for enlargementeg enlarged and moved up 4 or enlarged and $\begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$			1st B0
	Do not accept ÷ 3 for scale factor			2nd B0

	1 × 24 (= 24)	B0
25(a)	12 + 12 (= 24)	B0
	$3 \times 4 \times 2 = 24$	B0
	For multiplication, 24 does not have to be shown	
	Ignore any units seen	
	Ignore any lines on the graph	
	8 × 3 = 24 and 12 + 12 = 24 (choice)	B0
	area 6 and length 4 and volume 24	B0

Question	Answer	Mark	Comments	
	Alternative method 1			
	Reading from 5 on the graph to give [4.7, 4.9]	M1		
	$\frac{1}{2} \times 6 \times h = [4.7, 4.9]$	Midon	oe	
	or $[4.7, 4.9] \div (\frac{1}{2} \times 6)$	M1dep		
	[1.56, 1.64]	A1		
	Alternative method 2			
	24 ÷ 5 or 4.8 or $\frac{1}{2} \times 6 \times h$	M1	oe	
25(b)	or $\frac{1}{2} \times 6 \times h \times 5$			
(-)	$\frac{1}{2} \times 6 \times h = 24 \div 5$		oe	
	or $24 \div 5 \div (\frac{1}{2} \times 6)$			
	or $\frac{1}{2} \times 6 \times h \times 5 = 24$	M1dep		
	or $15h = 24$			
	or $24 \div (\frac{1}{2} \times 6 \times 5)$			
	or 24÷15			
	1.6	A1		
	Additional Guidance			

Question	Answer	Mark	Comme	nts	
	$\frac{3}{4} \times \frac{3}{4} \times 15$ or $\frac{3}{4} \times 15 \text{ or } 11.25$ and $\frac{3}{4} \times \text{ their } 11.25$	M1	oe		
26a	8.4(375) or 8.44 or 8.438 or $\frac{135}{16}$ or $8\frac{7}{16}$	A1			
200	Additional Guidance				
	8.43 or 8.437		M1A1		
	8.4 seen, answer 8	M1A1			
	$\frac{3}{4}$ of 11.25 (unless correctly evaluate	МО			
	$\frac{3}{4}$ × 8.4375, answer 6.328 (further work)			M1A0	
	11.25 + 8.4375, answer 19.6875 (further work)			M1A0	

Question	Answer	Mark	Comments		
	Alternative method 1	Alternative method 1			
	Ticks second box and [7.425, 7.5375] or Ticks second box and correctly evaluates $\frac{2}{3}$ × their 11.25	B2ft	ft correct box ticked for comparing with their answer to (a) B1ft [7.425, 7.5375] with no or incorrect decision or Correctly evaluates $\frac{2}{3} \times$ their 11.25 with no or incorrect decision		
	Alternative method 2	·			
26b	Ticks second box and valid comparison	B2	eg $\frac{8}{12}$ and $\frac{9}{12}$ 0.66 or 0.67 and 0.75 66.()% or 67% and 75% $\frac{9}{16}$ and $\frac{8}{16}$ clear diagrams showing $\frac{2}{3}$ and $\frac{3}{4}$ B1 Ticks second box and incomplete comparison eg $\frac{8}{12}$ and $\frac{3}{4}$ two thirds is less than three quarters $\frac{3}{4} \times \frac{3}{4} = \frac{9}{16}$ and $\frac{3}{4} \times \frac{2}{3} = \frac{6}{12}$ or Valid comparison (that would score B2) with no or incorrect decision		

Question	Answer	Mark	Comme	nents	
	Additional Guidance				
26b cont	In Alt 1 only follow through their answer to (a) for the comparison, the working for $\frac{2}{3}$ of their 11.25 must be correct				
	(a) answer 6.5 (b) Ticks first box ar	nd 7.5 seer		B2ft	
	Accept 0.66 or 0.67 for $\frac{2}{3}$				
	Using 0.6 for $\frac{2}{3}$			B0	

	Alternative method 1		
	12 <i>x</i> – 8	M1	May be seen in a grid
27	their $12x - 2x = -5$ + their 8 or $10x = 3$ or their $-8 + 5 = 2x$ - their $12x$ or $-3 = -10x$	M1	Collecting two terms in $x$ and two constant terms correctly oe eg $10x - 3 = 0$
	0.3 or $\frac{3}{10}$	A1ft	ft M1M0 or M0M1 with exactly one error
	Alternative method 2		
	$\frac{x}{2} - \frac{5}{4}$	M1	
	$3x - \text{their } \frac{x}{2} = \text{their } -\frac{5}{4} + 2$ or $\frac{5}{2}x = \frac{3}{4}$ or $-2 + \text{their } \frac{5}{4} = \text{their } \frac{x}{2} - 3x$ or $-\frac{3}{4} = -\frac{5}{2}x$	M1	Collecting two terms in <i>x</i> and two constant terms correctly oe eg $\frac{5}{2}x - \frac{3}{4} = 0$
	0.3 or $\frac{3}{10}$	A1ft	ft M1M0 or M0M1 with exactly one error

Question	Answer	Mark	Comments		
	Additional Guidance				
27 cont	$12x - 2 = 2x - 5$ $10x = -3$ $x = -0.3$ $12x - 8 = 2x - 5$ $10x = -5$ $x = \frac{-5}{10}$ $12x - 8 = 2x - 5$ $14x = 3$ $x = \frac{3}{14}$ $12x - 8 = 2x - 5$ $14x = -13$ $x = -\frac{13}{14}$ (two errors)	Additional Gu	idance M0 M1 A1ft M1 M0 A1ft M1 M0 A1ft M1 M0 A1ft M1 M0 A1ft		
	14 12x - 8 = 8x - 20 Any ft answer must be exact of The last two marks can be imp				
	eg $12x - 6 = 2x - 5$ and answe Collecting terms before the bra	er 0.1	M0M1A1ft		

	3 6 9 or 23 + 12 or $1.5n^2$	M1			
	35	A1			
28	Additional Guidance				
	Answer line blank with 35 as next term in sequence			M1A1	
	Answer line has attempt at term to term rule or $n$ th term but 35 seen			M1A0	
	35 seen on dotted line in sequence bu	t a differe	nt answer given eg 50	M1A0	

Question	Answer	Mark	Comments	
29	$\tan x = \frac{3}{7} \text{ or } \tan^{-1} \frac{3}{7}$ or $\sin x = \frac{3(\sin 90)}{\sqrt{3^2 + 7^2}}$ or $\sin x = \frac{3(\sin 90)}{\sqrt{58}}$ or $\cos x = \frac{7}{\sqrt{3^2 + 7^2}}$ or $\cos x = \frac{7}{\sqrt{58}}$ or $\cos x = \frac{7}{\sqrt{58}}$ or $90 - \tan^{-1} \frac{7}{3}$ or $90 - [66.7, 66.81]$ or $90 - 67$	M1	0e eg $\cos x = \frac{7^2 + (\sqrt{7^2} - \frac{1}{2 \times \sqrt{3^2}})}{2 \times \sqrt{3^2}}$ Any letter	$\frac{\overline{+3^2}}{\overline{+7^2} \times 7}^2$
	[23, 23.3]	A1		
	Additional Guidance			
	$\tan = \frac{3}{7}$ or $\tan \frac{3}{7}$ or $\tan^{-1} = \frac{3}{7}$ (unless recovered)			МО
	Answer [23, 23.3] (possibly coming from scale drawing)			M1A1
	If using sine rule must rearrange to $\sin x = \text{ for M1}$			
	If using cosine rule must rearrange to $\cos x = \text{ for M1}$			
	Allow [0.42, 0.43] for $\frac{3}{7}$			
	Allow 2.33 for $\frac{7}{3}$			
	Allow [7.6, 7.62] for $\sqrt{3^2 + 7^2}$			