# GCSE <br> Mathematics 

43652F Paper 2
Mark scheme

4365
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Mark schemes are prepared by the Lead Assessment Writer and considered, together with the relevant questions, by a panel of subject teachers. This mark scheme includes any amendments made at the standardisation events which all associates participate in and is the scheme which was used by them in this examination. The standardisation process ensures that the mark scheme covers the students' responses to questions and that every associate understands and applies it in the same correct way. As preparation for standardisation each associate analyses a number of students' scripts: alternative answers not already covered by the mark scheme are discussed and legislated for. If, after the standardisation process, associates encounter unusual answers which have not been raised they are required to refer these to the Lead Assessment Writer.

It must be stressed that a mark scheme is a working document, in many cases further developed and expanded on the basis of students' reactions to a particular paper. Assumptions about future mark schemes on the basis of one year's document should be avoided; whilst the guiding principles of assessment remain constant, details will change, depending on the content of a particular examination paper.

Further copies of this Mark Scheme are available from aqa.org.uk

## Glossary for Mark Schemes

GCSE examinations are marked in such a way as to award positive achievement wherever possible. Thus, for GCSE Mathematics papers, marks are awarded under various categories.
If a student uses a method which is not explicitly covered by the mark scheme the same principles of marking should be applied. Credit should be given to any valid methods. Examiners should seek advice from their senior examiner if in any doubt.

| M | Method marks are awarded for a correct method which could lead to a correct answer. |
| :---: | :---: |
| A | Accuracy marks are awarded when following on from a correct method. It is not necessary to always see the method. This can be implied. |
| B | Marks awarded independent of method. |
| ft | Follow through marks. Marks awarded for correct working following a mistake in an earlier step. |
| SC | Special case. Marks awarded for a common misinterpretation which has some mathematical worth. |
| M dep | A method mark dependent on a previous method mark being awarded. |
| B dep | A mark that can only be awarded if a previous independent mark has been awarded. |
| oe | Or equivalent. Accept answers that are equivalent. e.g. accept 0.5 as well as $\frac{1}{2}$ |
| [a, b] | Accept values between $a$ and $b$ inclusive. |
| [a, b) | Accept values a $\leq$ value $<$ b |
| 3.14... | Accept answers which begin 3.14 e.g. 3.14, $3.142,3.1416$ |
| Q | Marks awarded for quality of written communication |
| Use of brackets | It is not necessary to see the bracketed work to award the marks. |

## Examiners should consistently apply the following principles

## Diagrams

Diagrams that have working on them should be treated like normal responses. If a diagram has been written on but the correct response is within the answer space, the work within the answer space should be marked. Working on diagrams that contradicts work within the answer space is not to be considered as choice but as working, and is not, therefore, penalised.

## Responses which appear to come from incorrect methods

Whenever there is doubt as to whether a candidate has used an incorrect method to obtain an answer, as a general principle, the benefit of doubt must be given to the candidate. In cases where there is no doubt that the answer has come from incorrect working then the candidate should be penalised.

## Questions which ask candidates to show working

Instructions on marking will be given but usually marks are not awarded to candidates who show no working.

## Questions which do not ask candidates to show working

As a general principle, a correct response is awarded full marks.

## Misread or miscopy

Candidates often copy values from a question incorrectly. If the examiner thinks that the candidate has made a genuine misread, then only the accuracy marks (A or B marks), up to a maximum of 2 marks are penalised. The method marks can still be awarded.

## Further work

Once the correct answer has been seen, further working may be ignored unless it goes on to contradict the correct answer.

## Choice

When a choice of answers and/or methods is given, mark each attempt. If both methods are valid then M marks can be awarded but any incorrect answer or method would result in marks being lost.

## Work not replaced

Erased or crossed out work that is still legible should be marked.

## Work replaced

Erased or crossed out work that has been replaced is not awarded marks.

## Premature approximation

Rounding off too early can lead to inaccuracy in the final answer. This should be penalised by 1 mark unless instructed otherwise.

## Paper 2 Foundation Tier

| Q Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| $\mathbf{1 ( a )}$ | 19 and 81 | B1 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- |


| $\mathbf{1 ( b )}$ | 22 and 8 | B1 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| 1(c) | 3 and 6 | B1 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |



| 2(b) | 16 | B1ft | ft their table |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |
|  | ft their table, if bimodal must give both answers |  |  |


| Q Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 2(c) | $\frac{3}{20}$ or 0.15 or $15 \%$ | B1ft | oe ft num ignor |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  | 3 out of 20 |  |  | B0 |
|  | Denominator must be 20 as it was given in the question |  |  |  |


| 3 | 6 and 5 seen or 4 and 3 seen or 42 seen or 45 seen or 29 seen <br> or $6+5+6+5+6+5+6$ or $4 \times 6+3 \times 5$ or $24+15$ | M1 | oe |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 39 | A1 |  |
|  | 6 | B1 |  |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |


| Q Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |



| 4(b) | 50-2 or 48 <br> or $3 x+2=50$ <br> or $3 x=48$ | M1 | oe |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 16 | A1 | SC1 for <br> 45 if Eric $=x+3$ <br> or 51 if Eric $=x-3$ <br> or 54 if Eric $=x-6$ |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |


| Q Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 5 | (£) 15.50 or (£) 19.50 | Q1 | Strand (i) Correct money notation |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | (£) 15.5(0) and (£) 19.5(0) | B1 |  |
|  | (£) 16.65 | B1 |  |
|  | (£) 4.66 | B1 |  |
|  | (£) 56.31 | B1ft | ft their four prices, must be four |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |
|  | Allow for example 4.66p fo |  |  |


| 6(a) | 314 | B1 |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |


| 6(b) | $360 \div 12$ or $30\left({ }^{\circ}\right) \quad$ ( 5 minutes) <br> or $360 \div 60$ or $6\left({ }^{\circ}\right) \quad$ ( 1 minute) | M1 | oe scaling, provided clear <br> eg <br> 15 minutes is $90\left({ }^{\circ}\right)$ <br> 6 (o'clock) is $180\left({ }^{\circ}\right)$ <br> $\frac{1}{4}$ (of the clock) $=90\left({ }^{\circ}\right)$ <br> 3 (5 minute sections) $=90\left({ }^{\circ}\right)$ <br> 3 (hours) = 90 $\left(^{\circ}\right.$ ) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 150 | A1 | SC1 for 210 |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |


| Q Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 7(a) | $5 \times 3+7 \times 4$ <br> or <br> 15 or 28 seen | M1 | oe |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 43 | A1 |  |  |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  | $5 \times 3=15 x, 7 \times 4=28 y, 15 x+28 y$ |  |  | M1A0 |
|  | $15 x+28 y$ on its own |  |  | MOAO |


| 7(b) | $\begin{aligned} & 2 \times 5.4 \times 5.4 \\ & \text { or } 2 \times 29.16 \\ & \text { or } 2 \times 29 .(\ldots) \end{aligned}$ | M1 | oe |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 58.32 or 58.3 or 58 | A1 |  |  |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  | $2 \times 5.4^{2}$ |  |  | M0 |
|  | $2 \times 5.4^{2}=10.8^{2}(=116.64)$ |  |  | M0 |
|  | $10.8{ }^{2}$ |  |  | M0 |
|  | $10.8^{2}$ or 116.64 on its own |  |  | M0 |


| Q Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| $\mathbf{7}$ 7(c) | 58.32 or 58.3 or 58 | B1ft | ft their answer to part (b) or correct |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |



| 8 | $4.8+3.7+4.8+3.7$ | M1 | oe |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | 17 | A 1 |  |  |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |


| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |


|  | (Base =) 9 and (top =) 3 <br> or (white area =) 8 <br> or (part squares are) $\frac{1}{4}$ or $\frac{3}{4}$ <br> or (area of triangle =) 9 <br> or (area of two triangles =) 18 <br> or (centre rectangle $=$ ) 18 <br> or (shaded squares in centre rectangle =) 10 <br> or (shaded whole squares =) 22 <br> or $\frac{1}{4}+\frac{3}{4}$ (= 1 whole square) | M1 | White area or part of shaded area |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 9 | (Area of trapezium $=$ ) $\frac{1}{2}(3+9) \times 6$ or $6 \times 6$ or 36 <br> or $22+6$ <br> or $54-9-9-8$ | M1dep | oe |  |
|  | 28 | A1 | Do not ignore fw |  |
|  | $\mathrm{cm}^{2}$ | B1 |  |  |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  | Shaded area 28 , total area $36 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$ is full marks |  |  | M1M1A1B1 |
|  | Shaded area 28 , answer $\frac{28}{36} \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$ |  |  | M1M1 A0B1 |
|  | 28 identified in the working as the shaded area is at least M1 M1 eg <br> shaded area $=28$, answer $36 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$ <br> shaded area $=28$, answer $28 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$ <br> shaded area $=28$, answer $34 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$ |  |  | M1M1A1B1 M1M1A1B1 M1M1A0B1 |
|  | eg $\frac{8}{28}$ or $\frac{8}{36}$ or $8: 28$ or $8: 36$ implies white area $=8$ and gets the first $M$ |  |  | M1 |


| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 10(a) | 8 | B1 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |


| 10(b) | $\begin{aligned} & (12+11+14+18+10) \div 5 \\ & \text { or } 65 \div 5 \end{aligned}$ | M1 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 13 | A1 |  |  |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  | $12+11+14+18+10 \div 5(=$ |  |  | M0 |


| 10(c) | $5 \times 2 \text { or } 10$ <br> or 55 seen | M1 | oe |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Choose any card and reduce by 10 | A1 | $12 \rightarrow 2$ <br> or $11 \rightarrow 1$ <br> or $14 \rightarrow 4$ <br> or $18 \rightarrow 8$ <br> or $10 \rightarrow 0$ |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |
|  | Beware of 10 as 10 is one of the cards |  |  |


| $\mathbf{1 1 ( a )}$ | 9 and 14 shaded | B1 |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |


| $\mathbf{1 1 ( b )}$ | 6 and 8 shaded | B1 |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |


| Q Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 11(c) | 3 and 1 shaded | B1 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |


| $\mathbf{1 2 ( a )}$ | $12 \times 19$ | M1 | oe |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | 228 | A1 | SC1 for 209 or 247 |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |
|  | 2.28 m | M1A1 |  |


| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 12(b) | $1 \mathrm{~m}=100 \mathrm{~cm}$ seen or implied | B1 | eg 304 or 0.19 <br> or $304-228$ or 76 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $3.04 \div 0.19$ <br> or $304 \div 19$ <br> or digits 16 seen <br> or $(304-228) \div 19=4$ <br> or $76 \div 19=4$ <br> or $228+19+19+19+19=304$ <br> or $304-19-19-19-19=228$ <br> or 4 (more steps) <br> or $304 \div 228 \times 12$ <br> or $3.04 \div 2.28 \times 12$ <br> or $12 \div(228 \div 304)$ <br> or $12 \div(2.28 \div 3.04)$ | M1 | oe |  |
|  | 16 | A1 |  |  |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  | 4 more steps implies B1M1 |  |  | B1M1 |
|  | Allow 228 and 76 to be their 228 and their 76 for the $B$ mark and the M mark eg <br> Answer in part (a) $=230$ <br> $230+19+19+19+19=306=4$ (more steps), answer 16 <br> $(304-230) \div 19=3.8(\ldots)=4$ (more steps), answer 16 <br> $74 \div 19=3.8(\ldots)=4$ (more steps), answer 16 |  |  | B1M1A0 <br> B1M1A0 <br> B1M1A0 |


| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 13(a) | $\begin{aligned} & 13.89 \ldots \text { or } 13.8 \\ & \hline 13.9 \end{aligned}$ | B1 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | B1ft | ft their value provided 2 dp or better |  |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  | 13.9 on its own |  |  | B1B1 |
|  | Note the ft, eg 5.29, answer 5.3 |  |  | B0B1ft |
|  | Beware of $4.3+9.6=13.9$ (correct answer from wrong working) |  |  | B0B0 |
|  |  |  |  |  |


| 13(b) | -25 | $B 1$ |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |


| 14(a) | $\frac{30}{50}$ or $\frac{3}{5}$ or 0.6 or $60 \%$ | B1 | oe ignore fw |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |


| $\mathbf{1 4 ( b )}$ | $\frac{2}{50}$ or $\frac{1}{25}$ or 0.04 or $4 \%$ | B1oe <br> ignore fw |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |


| Q Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |



| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

## Alternative method 1

| $180-152$ or 28 <br> or $(360-152 \times 2) \div 2$ | M1 | $152-90$ or 62 |
| :--- | :---: | :--- |
| their $28 \times 2$ <br> or $(360-152 \times 2)(\div 2 \times 2)$ | M1dep | $180-2 \times$ their 62 <br> or $(180-90-$ their 62 $) \times 2$ |
| 56 | A1 |  |

Alternative method 2

15

| 720 (used for the hexagon) | M1 | 540 used for a pentagon |
| :--- | :---: | :--- |
| $(720-4 \times 152) \div 2$ or $112 \div 2$ | M1dep | $540-152-152-90-90$ |
| 56 | A1 |  |
| Additional Guidance |  |  |
| Angles may be on the diagram but must be in the correct place |  |  |
| 28 must be for a correct angle  <br> If diagram or working shows that 28 is for an incorrect angle then the method  <br> is incorrect,  <br> eg  <br> $y=28$ (on diagram in the wrong place) M0 <br> Answer $28 \quad$ degrees M0 |  |  |


| Q Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |



| $\mathbf{1 6 ( b )}$ | 4 | B1 |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  | Accept four times as big etc |  |  |  |



| Q Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



|  | Alternative method 1 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\frac{24}{60}$ or $24 \div 60$ or 0.4 or $\frac{18}{40}$ or $18 \div 40$ or 0.45 | M1 | oe <br> eg 40(\%) or $45(\%)$ $\frac{2}{5} \text { or } \frac{9}{20}$ |  |
| 17(b) | 40(\%) and 45(\%) <br> or 0.4 and 0.45 <br> or $\frac{8}{20}$ and $\frac{9}{20}$ | A1 | oe format so comparison can be made eg$\frac{4}{10} \text { and } \frac{4.5}{10}$ |  |
|  | $40(\%)$ and $45(\%)$ and women or 0.4 and 0.45 and women or $\frac{8}{20}$ and $\frac{9}{20}$ and women | Q1 | oe <br> Strand (iii) <br> Correct conclusion with all working correct |  |
|  | Alternative method 2 |  |  |  |
|  | $60 \div 24$ or 2.5 <br> or $40 \div 18$ or $2.2 \ldots$ | M1 | oe <br> 27 out of 60 (women) <br> or 16 out of 40 (men) <br> or 9 out of 20 (women) <br> or 8 out of 20 (men) |  |
|  | 2.5 and 2.2... | A1 | oe <br> 24 and 27 <br> or 16 and 18 or 8 and 9 |  |
|  | 2.5 and 2.2... and women | Q1 | 24 and 27 and women or 16 and 18 and women or 8 and 9 and women Strand (iii) <br> Correct conclusion with all working correct |  |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  | Allow common numerators for comparison |  |  |  |
|  | Beware of 40 as there are 40 women ( $40 \%$ are women) |  |  |  |


| Q Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 18(a) | $250 \div 5 \times 4 \text { or } 200$ <br> or $250 \div 5$ or 50 | M1 | oe |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 200 and 50 | A1 |  |  |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  | Sand 50 and Cement 200 |  |  | M1A0 |
|  | $250 \div 5=50,250 \div 4=62.5$, Sand 62.5, Cement 50 |  |  | M1A0 |
|  | Allow transcription error if clear in the working |  |  |  |


| Q Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |

## Alternative method 1

| $25 \times 3 \text { or } 75$ <br> or $25 \times 4$ or 100 <br> or $25 \times 5$ or 125 | M1 | Total cement <br> Sand <br> Mix |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $25 \times 3 \times 4$ or 300 <br> or $75 \times 4$ or 300 <br> or $25 \times 4 \times 3$ or $100 \times 3$ or 300 <br> or $75 \times 5$ <br> or $25 \times 5 \times 3$ <br> or $125 \times 3$ | M1dep | Total sand <br> Total mix |
| 375 | A1 |  |

Alternative method 2 (uses part (a))

18(b)

| $25+50$ or 75 <br> or $200 \div 2$ or 100 <br> or $(200+50) \div 2$ or 125 | M1 | Total cement <br> Sand <br> Mix |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| $100+200$ or 300 <br> or $25+50+100+200$ <br> or $125+250$ | M1dep | Total sand <br> Total mix <br> Total mix |  |
| 375 | A1 |  |  |
| Alternative method 3 (uses part (a)) |  |  |  |
| Scale factor 1.5 seen or implied, <br> eg $\frac{75}{50}$ or $50 \times 1.5$ or 75 | M1 |  |  |
| $200 \times 1.5$ or 300 |  |  |  |
| or $250 \times 1.5$ | M1dep | Total sand    <br> 375    <br> Total mix    |  |
|  |  |  |  |



| Q Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 20(b) | $\begin{aligned} & (85+88) \div 2 \text { or } 86.5 \\ & \text { or }(0.85+0.88) \div 2 \end{aligned}$ | M1 | oe |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 0.865 or $\frac{173}{200}$ or $86.5 \%$ | A1 | oe Allow 0.87 or $\frac{87}{100}$ or $87 \%$ if correct method shown |  |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  | Beware of $\frac{26}{30}$ leading to 86.6(...)\% |  |  | MOAO |
|  | 0.87 on its own |  |  | MOAO |


| 21(a)$\pi \times 6^{2}$ <br> or $\pi \times 36$ | M1 | oe |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | $[113,113.2]$ or $36 \pi$ | A1 |  |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |
|  | $\pi 36$ | M1A0 |  |


| 21(b) | $20 \times 50$ or 1000 | M1 | oe |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- |
|  | their 1000 - their $[113,113.2]$ | M1dep | oe |  |
|  | [886.8, 887] or $1000-36 \pi$ | A1ft | ft their part (a) |  |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  | Do not ignore incorrect further working for the A mark, eg $1000-36 \pi=964 \pi$ |  |  | M1M1A0 |


| Q Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| $22$ <br> Alt 1 of 3 <br> Alt 2 of 3 | Alternative method 1 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $53-46 \text { or } 7$ <br> or 53 million - 46 million <br> or 7 million | M1 | oe |
|  | $\frac{7}{46}(\times 100)$ or $0.152(\ldots)$ | M1dep | oe <br> Accept 0.15 if correct method shown |
|  | 15.2(...) (\%) | A1 | Accept 15(\%) if correct method shown |
|  | Alternative method 2 |  |  |
|  | $\frac{53}{46}(\times 100) \text { or } 1.152 \ldots$ <br> or 115.2(...) | M1 | oe <br> Accept 1.15 if correct method shown <br> Accept 115 if correct method shown <br> Accept 0.15 if correct method shown |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 1.152 \ldots-1 \text { or } 0.152(\ldots) \\ & \text { or } 115.2(\ldots)-100 \end{aligned}$ | M1dep |  |
|  | 15.2(...) (\%) | A1 | Accept 15(\%) if correct method shown |


| Q Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 22 cont <br> Alt 3 of 3 | Alternative method 3 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Any correctly evaluated percentage of 46 (million) | M1 | eg <br> 1 (\%) is 0.46 (million) <br> $5(\%)$ is 2.3 (million) <br> $10(\%)$ is 4.6 (million) |  |
|  | $15(\%)$ (increase) is 52.9 (million) <br> or 15.1 (\%) (increase) is 52.946 (million) <br> or 15.2 (\%) (increase) is 52.992 (million) <br> or 15.3 (\%) (increase) is 53.038 (million) <br> or 15.4 (\%) (increase) is 53.084 (million) <br> or $15.5(\%)$ (increase) is 53.13 (million) | M1dep | oe <br> $15(\%)$ is 6.9 or $15.1(\%)$ is or $15.2(\%)$ is or $15.3(\%)$ is or $15.4(\%)$ is or $15.5(\%)$ is and 7 (million) |  |
|  | 15.2(...) (\%) | A1 | Accept 15(\%) above (or bet below 53 mill with an answ million) | trials listed <br> answer <br> the other <br> lion (or 7 |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  | Incorrect number of zeros used for millions cannot score A mark |  |  |  |
|  | 15(\%) scores at least 2 unless clearly from incorrect working |  |  |  |


| Q Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |



| Q Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |



