AQA Qualifications
GCSE
Mathematics (linear)
4365/2F
Mark scheme

4365
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Version 1.0: Final

Mark schemes are prepared by the Lead Assessment Writer and considered, together with the relevant questions, by a panel of subject teachers. This mark scheme includes any amendments made at the standardisation events which all associates participate in and is the scheme which was used by them in this examination. The standardisation process ensures that the mark scheme covers the students' responses to questions and that every associate understands and applies it in the same correct way. As preparation for standardisation each associate analyses a number of students' scripts: alternative answers not already covered by the mark scheme are discussed and legislated for. If, after the standardisation process, associates encounter unusual answers which have not been raised they are required to refer these to the Lead Assessment Writer.

It must be stressed that a mark scheme is a working document, in many cases further developed and expanded on the basis of students' reactions to a particular paper. Assumptions about future mark schemes on the basis of one year's document should be avoided; whilst the guiding principles of assessment remain constant, details will change, depending on the content of a particular examination paper.

Further copies of this Mark Scheme are available from aqa.org.uk

## Glossary for Mark Schemes

GCSE examinations are marked in such a way as to award positive achievement wherever possible. Thus, for GCSE Mathematics papers, marks are awarded under various categories.

M Method marks are awarded for a correct method which could lead to a correct answer.

A

B

Q
M dep

B dep A mark that can only be awarded if a previous independent mark has been awarded.
ft

SC
oe
$[a, b] \quad$ Accept values between $a$ and $b$ inclusive.
$[a, b)$
25.3...

Accept values $a \leq$ value $<b$
Allow answers which begin 25.3 e.g. 25.3, 25.31, 25.378 .
Use of brackets It is not necessary to see the bracketed work to award the marks.

## Examiners should consistently apply the following principles

## Diagrams

Diagrams that have working on them should be treated like normal responses. If a diagram has been written on but the correct response is within the answer space, the work within the answer space should be marked. Working on diagrams that contradicts work within the answer space is not to be considered as choice but as working, and is not, therefore, penalised.

Responses which appear to come from incorrect methods
Whenever there is doubt as to whether a candidate has used an incorrect method to obtain an answer, as a general principle, the benefit of doubt must be given to the candidate. In cases where there is no doubt that the answer has come from incorrect working then the candidate should be penalised.

## Questions which ask candidates to show working

Instructions on marking will be given but usually marks are not awarded to candidates who show no working.

## Questions which do not ask candidates to show working

As a general principle, a correct response is awarded full marks.

## Misread or miscopy

Candidates often copy values from a question incorrectly. If the examiner thinks that the candidate has made a genuine misread, then only the accuracy marks (A or B marks), up to a maximum of 2 marks are penalised. The method marks can still be awarded.

## Further work

Once the correct answer has been seen, further working may be ignored unless it goes on to contradict the correct answer.

## Choice

When a choice of answers and/or methods is given, mark each attempt. If both methods are valid then M marks can be awarded but any incorrect answer or method would result in marks being lost.

## Work not replaced

Erased or crossed out work that is still legible should be marked.

## Work replaced

Erased or crossed out work that has been replaced is not awarded marks.

## Premature approximation

Rounding off too early can lead to inaccuracy in the final answer. This should be penalised by 1 mark unless instructed otherwise.

## Paper 2 Foundation Tier

| $\mathbf{Q}$ | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 1(a) | 6 | B1 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1 ( b )}$ Subtract 5 B1 oe <br> Accept $-5 n+36$ |  |  |  |


| Q | Additional Guidance | Mark |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| 1(b) | number -5 | B1 |
|  | $n-5$ |  |
|  | Going down in 5s | B1 |
|  | Take 5 | B1 |
|  | The first number -5 | B1 |
|  | $n=-5$ | B0 |
|  | $-5 n$ | B0 |
|  | B0 |  |


| $\mathbf{1}(\mathrm{c})$ | -4 | B 1 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| Q | Additional Guidance | Mark |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| $\mathbf{1 ( c )}$ | negative 4 | B1 |
|  | minus 4 | B1 |


| 1(d) | True <br> False <br> False | B3 | B1 each |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |


| Q Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2(a) (£) 3.74 B1  |  |  |$>=$|  |
| :--- |


| Q | Additional Guidance | Mark |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| 2(a) | $£ 3.74 \mathrm{p}$ | B1 |
|  | 3.74 p | B1 |
|  | 374 p with $£$ sign crossed out | B1 |
|  | 374 p without $£$ sign crossed out | B0 |


| 2(b) | $1.99+1.7+0.55$ or 4.24 | M1 | oe <br> Allow one error |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |
|  | $5-$ their 4.24 or 0.76 | M1dep | oe |
|  | 76 | A1 | $£ 0.76$ |


| $\mathbf{Q}$ | Additional Guidance | Mark |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| 2(b) | Allow a mixture of units for the M marks <br> $76 p$ seen in working, 0.76 on answer line |  |


| 3(a) | $(3,5)$ | B1 |  |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :--- |
| 3(b) | $(1,3),(3,3)$ and $(5,3)$ | B3 | In any order <br> B1 for each |


| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4 | Fully correct bar chart with equal gaps | B4 | Bar drawn at height of 10 for bus <br> Bar drawn at height of 7 for car <br> Bars drawn at 2 for Train and 1 for Walk (train = twice walk is the condition) <br> Total $=20$ <br> B3 for correct bar chart but no or unequal gaps <br> or for 3 conditions met <br> B2 for 2 conditions met <br> B1 for 1 condition met |


| Q | Additional Guidance | Mark |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| $\mathbf{4}$ | Fully correct bar chart has equal width bars, equal width gaps and four correct <br> heights <br> Accept if students relabel their scale, otherwise follow the mark scheme <br> The four conditions are: <br> 1. Height 10 for bus <br> 2. Height 7 for car <br> 3. Train height twice as high as walk height <br> 4. Total 20 |  |


| $\mathbf{5 ( a )}$ | Shades 12 squares | B1 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| Q | Additional Guidance | Mark |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| $\mathbf{5 ( a )}$ | Mark intention, positive marking |  |


| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5(b) | Identifies $\frac{2}{5}$ and $\frac{8}{20}$ | B2 | B1 for one correct or one correct and one incorrect or two correct and one incorrect |
| 6(a) | 84 | B1 |  |
| 6(b) | $\begin{aligned} & 2 \times 37 \text { or } 74 \\ & \text { or } 5 \times 37 \text { or } 185 \\ & \text { or } 10 \times 37 \\ & \text { or } 74 \times 5 \end{aligned}$ | M1 | oe |
|  | 370 | A1 | SC1 for 518 |


| Q | Additional Guidance | Mark |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| $\mathbf{6 ( b )}$ | 370 seen in working, 518 on answer line - choice | SC1 |
|  | $37 \times 3=111,111 \times 5=555$ | M0A0 |


| $7(a)$ | 25.11 | B1 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| 7(b) | 23585 | B1 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| 7(c) | $15.0665(\ldots)$ | B1 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| Q | Additional Guidance | Mark |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| 7(c) | Ignore any digits after the 4 ${ }^{\text {th }}$ decimal place |  |


| 7(d) | 15.1 | B1ft | ft correct rounding to 1 dp |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| Q | Additional Guidance | Mark |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| 7(d) | 7c must have at least 2 decimal places <br> Answer to part d is follow through or correct answer (may be a restart) |  |


| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8(a) | Valid reason | Q1 | Strand (ii) <br> eg $14 \div 4$ is not a whole number 14 is not a multiple of 4 Because you need half centimetres Half the perimeter has to be even $\begin{aligned} & 14 \div 4=3.5 \\ & 4 \times 3=12 \text { and } 4 \times 4=16 \end{aligned}$ |


| Q | Additional Guidance | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8(a) | Because it wouldn't have the sides as a whole number | Q1 |
|  | 14 doesn't divide into a whole number | Q0 |
|  | Not possible because all the sides must be equal | Q0 |
|  | Nothing divides into 144 times (not true) | Q0 |
|  | Not possible to make 14 using the same number 4 times | Q0 |
|  | $14 \div 4$ without an answer or correct comment | Q0 |
|  | The grid is not big enough | Q0 |
|  | The square would not have equal sides | Q0 |


| 8(b) | Valid reason | Strand (ii) <br> eg 12 is not a square number |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\sqrt{12}$ is not a whole number |  |  |
| $3 \times 3=9$ and $4 \times 4=16$ |  |  |
| $\sqrt{12}=3.4 \ldots$ or 3.5 |  |  |


| Q | Additional Guidance | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8(b) | No number multiplied by itself equals 12 | Q1 |
|  | No whole number multiplied by itself equals 12 | Q1 |
|  | If it was a square it would have to be an area of 16 (not true) | Q0 |
|  | The length and width would not match each other | Q0 |
|  | It wouldn't have equal sides | Q0 |
|  | The base can't be timesed by the height to give 12 because the sides need to be equal | Q0 |
|  | Because 12 as an area would mean sides would be different lengths which would make the shape a rectangle not a square | Q0 |



| Q | Additional Guidance | Mark |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| $\mathbf{8 ( c )}$ | CANDIDATES MUST USE A DIFFERENT SHAPE TO THOSE GIVEN TO SCORE <br> ANY MARKS <br> Accept any rotation or reflection of shape shown in mark scheme <br> If candidates do more than one, mark all and award the lowest mark |  |



| $\mathbf{Q}$ | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 9 <br> cont. $4.17 \div 1.38$ and $6 \div 2$ M1 $1.38 \div 4.17$ and $2 \div 6$ <br>  3.02 and 3 A1 $0.330 \ldots$ or 0.331 and $0.333 \ldots$ <br>  2 pack identified Q1ft Strand (iii) <br> ft their values provided method mark has <br> been awarded |  |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :--- |


| Q | Additional Guidance | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 9 | Ignore any units throughout, e.g. 0.69 p and 0.695 p <br> Students can scale up to any multiple of 6 , e.g. 12, 18, 24 , etc. <br> Scale up to 18: <br> $1.38 \times 9$ and $4.17 \times 3$ <br> 12.42 and 12.51 <br> 2 pack identified <br> Scale up to 24: <br> $1.38 \times 12$ and $4.17 \times 4$ <br> 16.56 and 16.68 <br> 2 pack identified <br> Alternative method 6: <br> $1.38 \times 2=2.76$ and $4.17-2.76$ <br> 1.41 <br> 2 pack identified <br> The Q mark can be awarded if the candidate has scored M1 and has made a correct comparison from their two values <br> Pack of 2 identified with no correct working scores no marks | M1 <br> A1 <br> Q1 <br> M1 <br> A1 <br> Q1 <br> M1 <br> A1 <br> Q1 |


| $\mathbf{Q}$ | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 10 | Alternative Method 1 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $100-60 \text { or } 40$ <br> or $40 \%$ seen | M1 | $\frac{60}{100} \times 850$ or 510 |
|  | $\frac{\text { their } 40}{100} \times 850$ or 340 | M1dep | 850 - their 510 or 340 |
|  | $\frac{1700}{\text { their } 340}$ | M1dep |  |
|  | 5 | A1 |  |
|  | Alternative Method 2 |  |  |
|  | $100-60 \text { or } 40$ <br> or $40 \%$ seen | M1 | 1-0.6 or 0.4 |
|  | (1700 = ) 200\% | M1 | $1700 \div 850$ or 2 |
|  | $200 \div 40$ | M1dep | their $2 \div 0.4$ |
|  | 5 | A1 |  |


| $\mathbf{Q}$ | Additional Guidance | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{1 0}$ | 5 with no working scores full marks |  |



| Q |  | Additional Guidance | Mark |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{1 1}$ |  |  | Ben is <br> Darren is South-East of Emily <br> Answer plan takes precedence over the plan at the top of the page, but this plan <br> can be marked if the answer plan is blank <br> Name in each box takes precedence over names written above or below unless <br> clearly crossed out <br> Allow abbreviated names <br> If a name appears twice then conditions involving that person can't be met | B2 |


| $\mathbf{1 2}$ | AC |  | Condone AB repeated |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  | B2 | B1 for 3 or 4 correct |
|  | BD |  |  |


| $\mathbf{Q}$ | Additional Guidance | Mark |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| $\mathbf{1 2}$ | AC can be written as CA, etc. <br> Once a student starts to repeat any combination the maximum mark is B1 for 3 or <br> 4 correct |  |


| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 13 | 5, 5 and 14 <br> Any order | B2 | Conditions are three positive numbers <br> mode 5 <br> median 5 <br> range 9 <br> B1 for 2 or 3 conditions satisfied |


| Q | Additional Guidance | Mark |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| $\mathbf{1 3}$ | There are four condition to meet: <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br> 2. All three numbers must be positive <br> 3. The median must be 5e 5 <br> 4. The range must be 9 <br> $5,5,-4$ (satisfies three conditions but not positive) <br> 5,5, blank (satisfies two conditions) <br> Candidates who put more than 3 numbers score B0 <br> Candidates who put 1 number score B0 |  |


| $\mathbf{1 4 ( a )}$ | $2700 \div 180$ <br> or 15 seen | M1 | oe |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :--- |
|  | Beams $=30$ <br> or Posts $=16$ | A1 |  |
|  | Beams $=30$ <br> and Posts $=16$ | A1ft | ft their 15 only if M1A0 <br> SC1 for Beams $=16$ and Posts $=30$ |


| Q | Additional Guidance | Mark |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| $\mathbf{1 4 ( a )}$ | ft only from M1A0: <br> ft their $15+1$ for number of posts <br> ft their $15 \times 2$ for number of beams |  |



| Q | Additional Guidance | Mark |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| 14(b) | 465 (mixed up the beams and the posts) | SC1 |


| 15 | $70 \times 5$ or 350 | M1 |  |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :--- |
|  | their $350-(65+80+76+69)$ | M1dep | their $350-290$ |
|  | 60 | A1 |  |


| $\mathbf{Q}$ | Additional Guidance | Mark |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| $\mathbf{1 5}$ | Embedded answer of 60 is 2 marks |  |


| 16 | 2 or 3 correct plots | $M 1$ | $\pm 1 / 2$ square tolerance |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :--- |
|  | Fully correct straight ruled line <br> from $(-3,-3)$ to $(3,9)$ | A1 | $\pm 1 / 2$ square tolerance |


| $\mathbf{Q}$ | Additional Guidance | Mark |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| $\mathbf{1 6}$ | 2 or 3 correct points from $(-3,-3)(-2,-1)(-1,1)(0,3)(1,5)(2,7)(3,9)$ for the <br> first M1 <br> Ignore additional points |  |


| 17 | Fully correct enlargement | B2 | B1 for 2 or 3 correct sides <br> B1 for fully correct enlargement using SF 2 <br> or 4 |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :--- |


| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

## Alternative Method 1

| 5 miles $=8 \mathrm{~km}$ seen or implied | B1 | oe |
| :--- | :---: | :--- |
| $95 \times$ their $\frac{5}{8}$ | M1 | $60 \times$ their $\frac{8}{5}$ |
| $59 .(\ldots)$ and yes | A1 | 96 and yes |

## Alternative Method 2

| $95 \times 5$ or 475 <br> or $95 \div 8$ or 11.875 | B1 | $60 \times 8$ or 480 <br> or $60 \div 5$ or 12 |
| :--- | :---: | :--- |
| $95 \times 5 \div 8$ | M1 | $60 \times 8 \div 5$ |
| $59 .(\ldots)$ and yes | A1 | 96 and yes |

## Alternative Method 3

| $95 \times 5$ or 475 <br> or $60 \times 8$ or 480 | B1 | $95 \div 8$ or 11.875 <br> or $60 \div 5$ or 12 |
| :--- | :---: | :--- |
| $95 \times 5$ or 475 <br> and $60 \times 8$ or 480 | M1 | $95 \div 8$ or 11.875 <br> and $60 \div 5$ or 12 |
| 475 and 480 and yes | A1 | 11.875 and 12 and yes |
| Alternative Method 4 | B1 | $60 \div 95$ or $0.63 \ldots$ <br> or $5 \div 8$ or $0.62(5)$ |
| $95 \div 60$ or $1.5 \ldots$ <br> or $8 \div 5$ or 1.6 | M1 | $60 \div 95$ or $0.63 \ldots$ <br> and $5 \div 8$ or $0.62(5)$ |
| $95 \div 60$ or $1.5 \ldots$ <br> and $8 \div 5$ or 1.6 | A1 | $0.63 \ldots$ and 0.625 and yes |
| $1.5 \ldots$ and 1.6 and yes |  |  |


| $\mathbf{Q}$ | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| $\mathbf{Q}$ | Additional Guidance | Mark |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| $\mathbf{1 8}$ | On alternative method 2 or 3, 11.875 can be 11.8(..) or 11.9 <br> Throughout all methods students can use 2.5 and 4 in place of 5 and 8 for the first <br> B1 (or 1.25 and 2,10 and 16, etc - might be on the scale) |  |


| 19 | $0.6 \times 2.4$ or 1.44 <br>  <br>  <br> $3.12-$ their 1.44 <br> or 1.68 <br>  <br> 3.36 | M1 | oe |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :--- |


| $\mathbf{Q}$ | Additional Guidance | Mark |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| $\mathbf{1 9}$ | Beware of incorrect methods, e.g. |  |
|  | $£ 3.12-£ 2.40=72 p, 72 p \times 2=£ 1.44$ scores M0 |  |


| 20 | $11 \times 3 \text { or } 33$ <br> or $10+10+14(.14)$ or 34 <br> or $12+8+9$ or 29 | M1 | Accept $3^{\text {rd }}$ side $>10$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 33 and $34(.14)$ and 29 <br> or 33 and $>30$ and 29 | A1 | oe <br> Accept $3^{\text {rd }}$ side $>10$ <br> or perimeter $>30$ |
|  | $\frac{1}{3}$ or 0.33... | A1ft | oe <br> ft their 33,34 and 29 |


| $\mathbf{Q}$ | Additional Guidance | Mark |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| $\mathbf{2 0}$ | Do not accept 1 in 3, 1 out of 3, untikely, etc. <br> $\frac{1}{3}$ with no working scores no marks <br> 3 |  |
| Accept an accurate scale drawing of the middle triangle showing that the <br> hypotenuse is greater than 10 |  |  |


| $\mathbf{2 1}$ | $\frac{10}{100} \times 65.5$ or 6.55 | M1 | oe <br> 0.9 or $90 \%$ seen |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :--- |
|  | 58.95 | A1 |  |


| $\mathbf{Q}$ | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |


|  | $9 \times 9$ or 81 <br> or $9 \times 3$ or 27 <br> or $\frac{1}{2} \times 9 \times 6$ or 27 <br> or $\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{9}{2} \times 6$ or 13.5 <br> or $\frac{1}{2} \times(3+9) \times \frac{9}{2}$ or 27 | M1 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 22 | $9 \times 3+\frac{1}{2} \times 9 \times 6$ or $27+27$ <br> or $9 \times 9-2 \times \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{9}{2} \times 6$ <br> or $81-27$ <br> or $2 \times \frac{1}{2} \times(3+9) \times \frac{9}{2}$$\quad$ or $2 \times 27$ | M1dep |  |
|  | 54 | A1 |  |


| $\mathbf{Q}$ | Additional Guidance | Mark |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| $\mathbf{2 2}$ | Beware of 27 from wrong working, e.g. $9+3+3+6+6$ <br> $9 \times 3=27,9 \times 6=54$ <br> Just $9 \times 6=54$ <br> The second M1 is for a fully correct method <br> A fully correct method with further working loses the second M1 | M1M0A0 |
| MOM0A0 |  |  |


| 23(a) | 0.3 or $\frac{3}{10}$ or $30 \%$ | B1 | oe |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| 23(b) | 0.11 or $\frac{11}{100}$ or $11 \%$ | B1 | oe |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| Q Answer | Mark | Comments |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 23(c) | $200 \times 0.15$ or $\frac{30}{200}$ | M1 | oe |
|  | 30 | A1 |  |


| Q | Additional Guidance | Mark |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| $\mathbf{2 3 ( c )}$ | $\frac{30}{200}$ (do not allow any other fractions) | M1A0 |
|  | e.g. $\frac{3}{20}$ scores M0 |  |
|  | No misreads allowed |  |


| 24(a) | Appropriate key | B1 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |
|  | Stem 1, 2, 3, 4 | B1 |  |
|  | Leaves correct and ordered     <br> 1 3 4 5 9 <br> 0 3 5 9  <br> 1 4 7 8  | B1 |  |
|  | Appropriate alignment of leaves | Q1ft | St their single digit leaves <br> Strand (ii) <br> Consistent gaps so that row length <br> represents the number of data it contains |


| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| Q | Additional Guidance | Mark |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| 24(a) | To award Q1ft there must be at least 2 leaves in at least 3 rows <br> Ignore commas between numbers <br> Ignore 0 and/or 5 on the stem for the stem mark <br> Ignore 0 and/or 5 on the stem unless there are leaves for the third B mark <br> If stem is 4, 3, 2, 1 then the order can be increasing or decreasing, if the stem is <br> $1,2,3,4$ then the order should be increasing <br> Key can be 0 / 4 to represent 4 people but not ... / 4 for example <br> 2 digit leaves cannot score the third B1 or the Q mark |  |


| 24(b) | 32 | B1 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| 25 | Alternative Method 1 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $D=260$ | B1 | May be on diagram |
|  | $A=30$ | B1 | May be on diagram |
|  | $360-(30+$ their $260+$ their 30) | M1 | oe |
|  | 40 | A1ft | ft their 260 and 30 |
|  | Alternative Method 2 |  |  |
|  | $S=50$ (and $R=150)$ | B2 | B 1 for $R=150$ <br> May be on diagram |
|  | $180-(90+$ their 50$)$ | M1 | oe |
|  | 40 | A1ft | ft their 150 and 50 |


| $\mathbf{Q}$ | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| Q | Additional Guidance | Mark |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| $\mathbf{2 5}$ | MARK THE BEST EFFORT <br> Beware of 30, this must be linked to angle A unless clear method shown, e.g. $90-$ <br> $60=30$ is clearly angle A <br> Answer 40 from no working is zero marks <br> No ft from $R$ to $S$ <br> Beware of an incorrect method for finding S, e.g. <br> $R=160$ and $S=50$ scores B0 |  |


| $\mathbf{2 6 ( a )}$ | $3 a+5 b+3 a+5 b$ | M1 | oe |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |
|  | $6 a+10 b$ or $2(3 a+5 b)$ | A1 | oe $\quad$ do not ignore fw for final mark |


| $\mathbf{Q}$ | Additional Guidance | Mark |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| $\mathbf{2 6 ( a )}$ | $3 a+5 b \times 2=6 a+10 b$ (recovered) | M1A1 |
|  | $3 a+5 b \times 2$ | M1A0 |
|  | $(3 a+5 b) 2$ | M1A0 |
|  | $6 a 10 b$ |  |
| $3 a \times 2+5 b \times 2$ | M1A0 |  |
|  | $3 a \times 25 b \times 2$ | M1A0 |
|  | M0A0 |  |


| $\mathbf{Q}$ | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |


|  |  | B2 | B1 for $3 a \times 5 b$ <br> B1 for partially simplified answer <br> B1 for $15 \times a b$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| Q | Additional Guidance | Mark |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| 26(b) | Penalise further working, e.g. $3 \mathrm{a} \times 5 \mathrm{~b}=15 \mathrm{ab}=3(5 \mathrm{ab})$ gets B1 |  |
|  | 15 ba |  |
|  | A $=15 \mathrm{ab}$ | B2 |
|  | A(15ab) | B2 |
|  | $15 a b \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$ | B2 |
|  | A(3a $\times 5 \mathrm{~b})$ | B2 |
|  | $(3 a)(5 b)$ | B1 |
|  | $3 a 5 b$ |  |
|  | $15(a b)$ | B1 |
|  | $3(5 a b)$ | B1 |
|  | ab15 | B1 |
|  | $(15 a b)^{2}$ | B1 |
|  | $15 a b^{2}$ | B1 |
|  | $(3 a \times 5 b)^{2}$ | B0 |
|  | $3 a \times 5 b^{2}$ | B0 |
|  |  | B0 |


| 26(c) | $315 \div 15$ or 21 seen | M1 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |
|  | 7 and 3 in any order | A1 | SC1 for 15 and 21 <br> or 9 and 35 |


| Q | Additional Guidance | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{2 6 ( c )}$ | 1 and 21 on the answer line | M1A0 |


| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 27 | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{4860}{5+4+3} \text { or } 405 \\ & \text { or } \frac{5}{12} \text { or } \frac{4}{12} \text { or } \frac{3}{12} \end{aligned}$ | M1 |  |
|  | 2025 or 1620 or 1215 | A1 |  |
|  | 2025 and 1620 and 1215 | A1 | Must be in correct order |


| Q | Additional Guidance | Mark |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| $\mathbf{2 7}$ | ANSWERS MUST BE IN THE CORRECT ORDER <br> BEWARE: <br> $4860 / 5=972,4860 / 4=1215,4860 / 3=1620$ which gives two correct answers in <br> the wrong order, so answers must be from correct working ( 972 flags up an <br> incorrect method) | MOAOAO |


| $\mathbf{2 8 ( a )}$ | $5 x<6+2$ <br> or $5 x<8$ | M1 | $\frac{8}{5}$ or 1.6 seen <br> oe |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | $x<\frac{8}{5}$ | A1 | oe |


| Q | Additional Guidance | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{2 8 ( a )}$ | Sight of 1.6 or $\frac{8}{5}$ score M1 |  |


|  |  |  | B1 for one extra or one missing <br> eg |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 28(b) | B2 <br> $2,3,4,5,5$ <br> $1,2,3,4,5,6$ <br> $2,3,4,5,6,7$ <br> $2,3,5,6$ |  |  |


| Q Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| $\mathbf{2 9 ( a )}$ | $\pi \times 15^{2}$ or [706, 707] | M 1 | oe |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | $\pi \times 15^{2} \times 50$ or $[706,707] \times 50$ | M1dep | oe <br> Accept $[35300,35325)$ |
|  | $[35325,35350]$ | A 1 | $11250 \pi$ |


| Q | Additional Guidance | Mark |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| 29(a) | Sight of $\pi \times 15^{2}$ anywhere in the working is at least M1, <br> e.g. $2 \times \pi \times 15 \times 15=1413.7$ scores 1 mark <br> If a student gives the answer $11250 \pi$ and then works this out then they must work <br> it out correctly for the final A mark, <br> e.g. $11250 \pi=35342.9$ scores full marks <br> but $11250 \pi=33750$ scores two marks | M1M0A0 |


| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 29(b) | Alternative method 1 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $33000 \div 1000$ or 33 | M1 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { oe } \\ & 0.22 \times 1000 \text { or } 220 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | their $33 \div 0.22$ or 150 | M1 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { oe } \\ & 33000 \div \text { their } 220 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | their $150 \div 60$ | M1 | oe |
|  | 2.5 | A1 |  |
|  | Alternative method 2 |  |  |
|  | $0.22 \times 60$ or 13.2 | M1 | $0.22 \times 60$ or 13.2 |
|  | their $13.2 \times 1000$ or 13200 | M1 | $33000 \div 1000$ or 33 |
|  | $33000 \div 13200$ | M1 | $33 \div 13.2$ |
|  | 2.5 | A1 |  |
|  | Alternative method 3 |  |  |
|  | $0.22 \times 1000$ or 220 | M1 |  |
|  | their $220 \times 60$ or 13200 | M1 |  |
|  | $33000 \div 13200$ | M1 |  |
|  | 2.5 | A1 |  |


| Q | Additional Guidance | Mark |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| $\mathbf{2 9 ( b )}$ | The three M marks can be done in any order |  |
|  | Alternative method: |  |
|  | $33000 \div 0.22$ or 150000 | M1 |
|  | $150000 \div 1000$ or 150 | M1 |
|  | $150 \div 60$ | A1 |
|  | 2.5 | M0M0M0 |
|  | An initial step of $33000 \times 0.22$ or 7260 cannot score any marks | A0 |

