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Linear Mathematics

4365F

(Specification 4365)

Paper 1 Foundation Tier 43651F

Final



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Glossary for Mark Schemes

GCSE examinations are marked in such a way as to award positive achievement wherever possible. Thus, for GCSE Mathematics papers, marks are awarded under various categories.

| Μ | Method marks are awarded for a correct method which could lead to a correct answer. |
|-----------------|---|
| Mdep | A method mark dependent on a previous method mark being awarded. |
| Α | Accuracy marks are awarded when following on from a correct method. It is not necessary to always see the method. This can be implied. |
| В | Marks awarded independent of method. |
| B dep | A mark that can only be awarded if a previous independent mark has been awarded. |
| Q | Marks awarded for quality of written communication. |
| ft | Follow through marks. Marks awarded for correct working following a mistake in an earlier step. |
| SC | Special case. Marks awarded for a common misinterpretation which has some mathematical worth. |
| oe | Or equivalent. Accept answers that are equivalent. |
| | eg accept 0.5 as well as $\frac{1}{2}$ |
| [a, b] | Accept values between a and b inclusive. |
| [a, b) | Accept values between <i>a</i> and <i>b</i> with <i>a</i> included but <i>b</i> not included |
| 25.3 | Allow answers which begin 25.3 e.g. 25.3, 25.31, 25.378. |
| Use of brackets | It is not necessary to see the bracketed work to award the marks. |
| Nms | No method shown |

Paper 1 Foundation Tier

| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |
|------|--|------|--|
| 1(a) | One thousand(,) six hundred (and) seven | B1 | All in words |
| 1(b) | 50 or ten(s) | B1 | Accept in words or figures |
| 1(c) | 18 000 | B1 | Accept in words |
| 2(a) | 60 | B1 | |
| 2(b) | 39 | B1 | Condone % |
| 3(a) | Bar to 68 for Motorcycles in correct position | B1 | Intended width should be 1 cm |
| 3(b) | 62 | B1 | |
| 3(c) | 22 | B1ft | correct or ft their 3(b) – 40 |
| 3(d) | No or cannot tell and reason eg average speed means a range of values only an average, some go slower the graph does not show the speed of each car | B1 | oe Need to mention average or a clear , correct reference to the given graph (eg using 62 and 40 correctly) |

| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |
|------|--------------------------------|------|--|
| 4(a) | | B1 | May be joined at corners Condone not square or equal sizes Must have correct number of sticks |
| 4(b) | 31 | B1 | |
| 4(c) | 'either even or odd' indicated | B1 | |
| 5(a) | kilometres | B1 | |
| 5(b) | litres | B1 | |
| 5(c) | grams | B1 | |
| 6(a) | A, C | B2 | B1 one correct and one missing or B1 one correct and one incorrect or B1 two correct and one extra |
| 6(b) | B, D, E | B1 | |

| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |
|-----------|---|------|--|
| *7 | Attempt to add 5 darts (9, 7, 5 or 3) | M1 | eg 5 × 9 (= 45) or 4 × 9 + 7 (= 43) |
| | 9, 9, 7, 3, 3 or 9, 9, 5, 5, 3 or 9, 7, 7, 5, 3 or 9, 7, 5, 5, 5 or 7, 7, 7, 7, 3 or 7, 7, 7, 5, 5 | A1 | |
| | 5 darts (9, 7, 5 or 3), not all the same , correctly totalled and gives answer [28, 34] | Q1 | Strand (ii) oe |
| *7 Alt | Attempt to subtract 4 or 5 darts (9, 7, 5 or 3) from 31 | M1 | eg 31 – 5 × 3 (= 16) or 31 – 4 × 7 (= 3) |
| | 9, 9, 7, 3, 3 or 9, 9, 5, 5, 3 or 9, 7, 7, 5, 3 or 9, 7, 5, 5, 5 or 7, 7, 7, 7, 3 or 7, 7, 7, 5, 5 | A1 | |
| | 4 darts (9, 7, 5 or 3), not all the same , correctly subtracted from 31 and gives answer 12 or less | Q1 | Strand (ii) oe |
| | or 5 darts (9, 7, 5 or 3), not all the same, correctly subtracted from 31 and gives answer [-3, 3] | | |

| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |
|------|--|------|--|
| | | | · |
| 8(a) | [158, 162] | B1 | |
| 8(b) | 1.20(p) or 120p | B1ft | ft their weight in (a) |
| 8(c) | 1.20 + 1.60 (= 2.80) | M1 | 1.20 – 1.10 (= 0.10 or 10) |
| | 1.10 + 1.40 (= 2.50) | M1 | 1.60 – 1.40 = (0.20 or 20) |
| | £0.30 or 30p | A1 | SC1 2.30 (-) 1.90 = 40p oe SC1 2 × 1.60 (-) 2 × 1.40 = 40p oe SC1 2 × 1.20 (-) 2 × 1.10 = 20p oe |
| 8(d) | Attempts to build up to within 750 ± 100 with weights less than or equal to 500 (no total needed) or Subtracts from 750 with weights less than or equal to 500 | M1 | oe 750 ÷ n with n a positive integer |
| | Shows two or more weights, less than or equal to 500, that total 750 eg 500 (+) 250 (= 750) 375×2 (= 750) | A1 | SC1 Shows two or more weights, with one more than 500, that total 750 |
| 9(a) | 4 | B1 | |
| 9(b) | 8 | B1 | |

| Q | Answer | Mark | | Comments |
|----|-----------|------|----|---|
| 10 | 29 and 31 | B2 | B1 | any pair of odd numbers with a sum of 60 |
| | | | | or |
| | | | B1 | 27 and 29 or 31 and 33 |

| 11 | 150 × 2 (= 300) or 120 + 50 (= 170) | M1 | May be embedded |
|----|-------------------------------------|-------|-----------------|
| | 150 × 2 – (120 + 50) | M1dep | oe |
| | 130 | A1 | 30 more |

| 11 | 120 + 50 + 100 (= 270) | M1 | |
|-----|------------------------|-------|-------------------|
| Alt | (120 + 50 + 100) ÷ 2 | M1dep | oe |
| | or | | |
| | 150 × 2 (= 300) | | |
| | 135 (tickets) | A1 | 15 (tickets) more |
| | or | | or |
| | 270 and 300 | | 30 more |

| 12(a) | Janet and reason eg | B1 | oe correct comparative statement |
|-------|----------------------------|----|----------------------------------|
| | She has (4) more tickets | | |
| | She has 5 times the chance | | |

| 12(b) | $5 \div 300$ seen or $\frac{5}{300}$ seen | M1 | oe May be implied by 5 out of 300, 5 in 300, 1 out of 60, 1 in 60 etc Ratio is M0 |
|-------|---|----|---|
| | 1 60 | A1 | Must be a fraction |

| 12(c) | $120 \div 6 \text{ or } 6 \times 20 = 120$ | M1 | oe Builds up to 100 : 20 |
|-------|--|----|--------------------------|
| | 20 | A1 | SC1 100 |

| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |
|--------|---|------|---|
| 13(a) | 2×5 and 2×8 or $(5+8) \times 2$ or 10 or 16 | M1 | 10 must come from 2 \times 5 (not 2 + 8) |
| | 26 | A1 | |
| 13(b) | $20 = l + l + 3 + 3$ or $(20 - 2 \times 3) \div 2$ | M1 | oe $10 = l + 3$ or $20 \div 2 - 3$ |
| | 7 | A1 | May be seen on diagram if no answer given |
| *14(a) | 045 | Q1 | Strand (i) for a 3 figure bearing 0.45 or 45 is Q0 |
| 14(b) | South West or 225 (°) | B1 | SW but not West South |
| 14(c) | [115, 119] | B1 | |
| 14(d) | [11, 11.5] (× 10) | M1 | |
| | [110, 115] | A1 | SC1 for any measurement seen (in cm) correctly multiplied by 10 |

100

| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |
|----|----------------------------|------|--|
| 15 | A | B1 | Only outline needed. Can be anywhere on grid |
| | | | Internal lines not necessary (may be dashed) |
| | | | Shape may be shaded (even in chequer- board fashion) |
| | B | B1 | Only outline needed. Can be anywhere on grid |
| | | | Internal lines not necessary (may be dashed) |
| | | | Shape may be shaded (even in chequer- board fashion) |
| | C | B1 | Any orientation (as shown) |
| | | | Only outline needed. Can be anywhere on grid |
| | | | Internal lines not necessary (may be dashed) |
| | | | Shape may be shaded (even in chequer- board fashion) |
| L | | I | |
| 16 | $\frac{40 \times 200}{80}$ | M1 | M1 for any two shown in the appropriate calculation |
| | | | M1 for $41 \approx 40$ and $198 \approx 200$ and $77 \approx 80$ clearly stated if not used in a calculation |
| | | | |

A1

Correct answer only is M1A1 but must use correct approximations if working is seen

| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |
|----|--|------|--|
| 17 | Substitutes 10 into at least two expressions and evaluates correctly or n = 10 substituted into all five expressions ie $\frac{1}{10}$, 10 – 1, 10 + 1, 10 ² and $\sqrt{10}$ | M1 | 1/10 (oe) , 9, 11, 100, [3, 4] |
| | Evaluates all 5 expressions correctly ($\sqrt{10}$ can be left as $\sqrt{10}$) or $\frac{1}{10}$, $\sqrt{10}$, $10 - 1$, $10 + 1$, 10^2 | A1 | If √10 evaluated and not in range [3, 4] then this is A0 So if not evaluated only the expressions in this or the reverse order will allow the last two marks |
| | written in either order $n-1 \text{ or } 9 \text{ or } 10-1$ | A1ft | Do not ft if three expressions evaluated incorrectly |
| | | | ft on M1, A0 if √10 given a value and 5 expressions evaluated, with at least 3 correct or |
| | | | ft on M1, A0 if $\sqrt{10}$ not evaluated, with at least three correct out of $\frac{1}{10}$, 9, 11 or 100, but the median given implies that $\sqrt{10}$ used in the correct place if the numbers were arranged in order |
| | | | Median may be given as a value, an expression in <i>n</i> or an unevaluated expression using 10 |

| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments | | |
|-----------|---|-------|-------------------------------------|--|--|
| 18 | $2 \times 4 + 3 \times 3 + 5 \times 1$ or $8 + 9 + 5$ | M1 | 22 has to come from correct working | | |
| | (30 – their 22) ÷ 4 | M1dep | their 22 + $4a = 30$ | | |
| | 2 | A1 | First M must be scored | | |
| | | | | | |
| 18 Alt | Guess a value for a and correctly works out $\sum xf$ | M1 | | | |
| | Guesses a second value nearer to the correct answer and correctly works out $\sum xf$ | M1dep | | | |
| | 2 | A1 | First M must be scored | | |

| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |
|-------------|---|-------|--|
| 19 | (550 – 250) ÷ 3 | M1 | J + W = 250 or J + 4W = 550 |
| | 100 | A1 | 3W = 300 or W = 100 |
| | 250 – their 100 | M1dep | 100 + J = 250 or 400 + J = 550 |
| | 150 | A1 | 150 |
| 19 Alt 1 | $\frac{4}{5} - \frac{1}{5} (= \frac{3}{5})$ | M1 | |
| | their $\frac{3}{5} = 300$ or $\frac{1}{5} = 100$ | A1 | |
| | 250 – their 100 | M1dep | |
| | 150 | A1 | |
| 19 Alt 2 | 550 marked by top division and 250 marked by bottom division on same diagram | M1 | |
| | 300 indicated as difference on diagram or 350 and 450 written by intermediate divisions | A1 | 100 marked between any two divisions is M1, A1 |
| | 150 marked at bottom | M1dep | |
| | 150 stated as answer | A1 | |
| 19 Alt 3 | Guesses a value for weight of jug, subtracts from 250, multiplies answer by 4 and adds to their value | M1 | |
| | Correct calculations | A1 | |
| | Guesses a second value for weight of jug nearer to 150 and correctly calculates all values | M1dep | |
| | 150 | A1 | |

| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |
|----|------------------|------|--|
| 20 | 3x + 6 = 2x - 1 | M1 | $x + 2 = \frac{2}{3}x - \frac{1}{3}$ |
| | 3x - 2x = -1 - 6 | M1 | This mark is for rearranging their expansion correctly to get <i>x</i> terms on one side and number terms on the other $x - \frac{2}{3}x = -\frac{1}{3} - 2$ (oe) |
| | -7 | A1ft | ft on one error |

| 21 | 5^2 and 12^2 seen oe | M1 | 25 and 144 or 169 |
|----|----------------------------|-------|--------------------------------------|
| | √(25 + 144) or √169 | M1dep | either 25 or 144 correct |
| | 13 | A1 | Condone scale drawing with answer 13 |