## $A C A$

# General Certificate of Secondary Education January 2013 

Mathematics (Linear) B
4365
Paper 1
Foundation Tier

# Final 

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## Glossary for Mark Schemes

GCSE examinations are marked in such a way as to award positive achievement wherever possible. Thus, for GCSE Mathematics papers, marks are awarded under various categories.

M Method marks are awarded for a correct method which could lead to a correct answer.

A Accuracy marks are awarded when following on from a correct method. It is not necessary to always see the method. This can be implied.

B Marks awarded independent of method.
Q Marks awarded for quality of written communication.
M dep A method mark dependent on a previous method mark being awarded.

B dep A mark that can only be awarded if a previous independent mark has been awarded.
ft Follow through marks. Marks awarded for correct working following a mistake in an earlier step.

SC Special case. Marks awarded for a common misinterpretation which has some mathematical worth.
oe Or equivalent. Accept answers that are equivalent. e.g. accept 0.5 as well as $\frac{1}{2}$
$[a, b] \quad$ Accept values between $a$ and $b$ inclusive.
25.3... Allow answers which begin 25.3 e.g. 25.3, 25.31, 25.378.

Use of brackets It is not necessary to see the bracketed work to award the marks.

## Paper 1 Foundation Tier

| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1(a) | (0)305, 1505, 5 past 3 | B1 | oe Ignore any reference to am or pm |
| 1(b) | Acute | B1 |  |
| 1(c) | 1225 | B3 | B2 for answer of 1125 or 1240 Or (0)9 $10+3 \times 60+15$ oe B1 for 1010 or 1110 or 1210 seen or (0)9 25 or 1025 seen or $3 \times 60+15$ oe <br> All times are oe |
| 2(a) | 27 | B1 |  |
| 2(b) | 10 | B1 |  |
| 2(c) | 16 | B1 |  |
| 2(d) | 13 | B1 |  |


| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3 | $\begin{array}{llll} 3 \times 65 & \text { or } 195(\mathrm{p}) & \text { or } & (£) 1.95 \\ \text { or } & \text { or } 330(\mathrm{p}) & \text { or } & (£) 3.30 \\ 3 \times 110 & \text { or } \end{array}$ | M1 | $65+110$ or $175(\mathrm{p})$ or (£)1.75 |
|  | Adds all six items their $(3 \times 65)+$ their $(3 \times 110)$ | M1dep | $3 \times$ their ( $65+110$ ) |
|  | No and (£)5.25 or 525p | A1 | oe eg She will be 25 p short |


| $\begin{gathered} 3 \\ \text { Alt } \end{gathered}$ | (£)5 - at least two items$\text { eg }(£) 5-220$ | M1 | Cost of items |  | S |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
|  |  |  | D | 0 |  |  | 220 | 330 |
|  | Adds up the rest of the six items | M1dep |  | 1 |  | 175 | 285 | 395 |
|  |  |  |  | 2 | 130 | 240 | 350 | 460 |
|  |  |  |  | 3 | 195 | 305 | 415 | 525 |
|  | No and correct amount of money left and correct cost of remaining items | A1 | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { oe } \\ & \text { eg } N \\ & \text { or } \mathrm{N} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | nd <br> nd | $\begin{array}{r} 1.70 \\ \hline 3.05 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | and and | $\begin{array}{r} 1.95 \\ \hline 3.30 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  |


| 4(a) | 9 | B1 | Ignore working which may be for 4(b) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| 4(b) |  |  |  | Numbers arranged in ascending or <br> descending order and a clear indication that <br> 9 is the middle number <br> or |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| A clear and complete statement that 9 is the |  |  |  |  |
| middle number when you arrange them in |  |  |  |  |
| order |  |  |  |  |


| Q Answer | Mark | Comments |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{5}$ | T, T, F, T | B3 | B2 for 3 correct <br> B1 for 2 correct |


| $\mathbf{6}(\mathbf{a})$ | F | B 1 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |
|  | Square | B 1 |  |


| 6(b) | 9 | B1 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | $\mathrm{cm}^{2}$ | B 1 |  |


| 7(a) | Bar of height 4 labelled Coffee or C <br> and <br> Bar of height 5 labelled Juice or J <br> (in either order but with a gap of 1 <br> square between all bars) | B2 | B1 for one of the bars labelled and correct <br> or <br> B1 for diagram fully correct but missing or <br> incorrect label(s) |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :--- |
|  |  | or <br> B1 for diagram fully correct but no gaps or <br> incorrect gaps |  |


| 7(b) | 7 (boys) | B1 |  |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :--- |
|  | their 7-4 | M1 | Subtraction may be implied by correct ft <br> answer of their 7-4 |
|  | 3 | A1ft | ft B0M1 but must be integer answer for A1 |
| 8(a) | 15 | B1 |  |


| 8(b) | $30 \div 6(=5) \text { or } 30 \div 3$ <br> or $(15-) \frac{15}{3}$ <br> or $15 \div 3(\times 2)$ | M1 | oe eg $360 \div 30(=12)$ and $(180-60) \div$ their 12 eg 180-60 (=120) and $\frac{\text { their } 120}{360} \times 30$ <br> may be using their (a) for 15 (but not an angle) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 10 | A1ft | ft their (a) -5 or their (a) $\div 3 \times 2$ but must be integer answer for A1 |


| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |


|  | Decimals |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | $\left(\frac{1}{10}=\right) 0.1$ or $(11 \%=) 0.11$ | M1 |  |
|  | $\left(\frac{1}{10}=\right) 0.1$ and $(11 \%=) 0.11$ | A1 | oe |
|  | Converting $1 / 10$ and $11 \%$ to decimals <br> with at least one right and arranging <br> in correct ft order for their decimals | Q1 | Strand (ii) |


|  | Percentages |  |  |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | $\left(\frac{1}{10}=\right) 10(\%)$ or $(0.2=) 20(\%)$ | M1 |  |
|  | $\left(\frac{1}{10}=\right) 10(\%)$ and $(0.2=) 20(\%)$ | A1 | oe |
|  | Converting 1/10 and 0.2 to <br> percentages (both with percentage <br> signs) with at least one right and <br> arranging in correct ft order for their <br> percentages | Q1 | SC1 for $\frac{1}{10}, 11 \%, 0.2$ with no working |


|  | Fractions |  |  |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :--- |
|  | $(0.2=) \frac{2}{10}$ or $(11 \%=) \frac{11}{100}$ | M1 | oe fraction |
|  | $\frac{10}{100}$ and $\frac{20}{100}$ and $\frac{11}{100}$ | A1 | oe three correct fractions with common <br> denominator |
|  | Converting all numbers to fractions <br> with a common denominator with at <br> least one numerator right and <br> arranging in correct ft order for their <br> fractions | Q1 | SC1 for $\frac{1}{10}, 11 \%, 0.2$ with no working |


| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |
| 10(a) | 54.32 | B1 |  |


| 10(b) | Listing the positions of hurdles |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Listing at least 3 'hurdles' $\begin{aligned} & \text { eg } 45,80,115, \ldots \\ & \text { or } 35,70,105, \ldots \\ & \text { or } 85,120,155, \ldots \\ & \text { or } 355,320,285, \ldots \end{aligned}$ | M1 | oe Condone 1 error |
|  | ```Complete list eg 45, 80, 115, 150, 185, 220, 255, 290, 325, 360, (400) or 85, 120, 155, 190, 225, 260, 295, 330, 365, (400) or 400, 355, 320, 285, 250, 215, 180, 145, 110, 75, 40, (0)``` | M1dep | oe <br> Ascending or descending with max 1 error (may be more if cumulative) |
|  | 10 | A1 | SC1 for 10 with MOM0 |


| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 10(b) } \\ & \text { Alt } 1 \end{aligned}$ | Adding consecutive distances |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Adds at least 3 consecutive distances $45+35+35+\ldots$ <br> or $35+35+35+\ldots$ <br> or $\ldots+35+35+40$ | M1 | oe eg $45+70+\ldots$ |
|  | Complete method shown with 9 lots of 35 ie $\begin{aligned} & 45+35+35+35+35+35+35+35 \\ & +35+35+40 \end{aligned}$ <br> with total in range $(370,430)$ | M1dep | oe |
|  | 10 | A1 | SC1 for 10 with MOM0 |


|  | $400-(45+40)(=315)$ | M1 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |
| 10(b) <br> Alt 2 | their $315 \div 35$ or $35 \times 9=315$ | M1dep | $315,280,245,210,175,140,105,70,35$, <br> $(0)$ in either order and allow 1 error (may be <br> more if cumulative) |
|  | 10 | A1 | SC1 for 10 with M0M0 |


| Q Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| $\mathbf{1 1}$ | $2 \times 11$ and $3 \times 5$ <br> or <br> 22 or 15 | M1 | oe |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | 37 | A1 |  |


| $* 12$ | $\frac{10}{100} \times 200$ oe or 20 seen | M1 | $\frac{90}{100} \times 200$ oe or $180 \quad$ is M2 |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | $200-$ their 20 or 180 seen | M1dep |  |
|  | 6 | A1 |  |
|  | Method shown for $90 \%$ of 200 and <br> dividing their result by 30 | Q1 | Strand (iii) |



| $\mathbf{Q}$ | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 13 | 3 | B2 | B1 for 8 seen as value of $X$ for Set A <br> or 3 seen as value of $X$ for set A but <br> different value for set B |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| 14 | 27 | 81 | B1 |
|  | B1ft | ft their $27 \times 3$ <br> Answers must be evaluated |  |


| 15(a) | 75 | B1 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| 15(b) | $(27-5) \div 2$ | M1 | Condone omission of brackets |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |
|  | 11 | A1 |  |
|  | 3 | B1ft | ft (their $11-5$ ) $\div 2$ if A0 awarded <br> SC1 for 0.75 <br> SC1 for 24.5 and 22 |


|  | $2 x+5=27$ | M1 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |
| 15(b) <br> Alt 1 | 11 or $2(2 x+5)+5=27$ oe <br> or $(27-15) \div 4$ | A1 |  |
|  | 3 | A1 |  |


|  | Two fully correct trials <br> eg any two of <br> $u_{1}=1, u_{2}=7, u_{3}=19$ <br> $u_{1}=2, u_{2}=9, u_{3}=23$ <br> $u_{1}(b)$ <br> Alt 2 | $u_{1}=4, u_{2}=13, u_{3}=31$ <br> $u_{1}=5, u_{2}=15, u_{3}=35$ |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{u}_{1}=31$ |  |  |  |
|  | Fully correct trial with first term 3 <br> ie $u_{1}=3, u_{2}=11, u_{3}=27$ | M1dep |  |
|  | 3 | A1 |  |


| $\mathbf{Q}$ | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |


|  | Isosceles triangle with base on 9 cm <br> line and vertex within 2 mm (ie in the <br> circle on the overlay) | B1 for any isosceles triangle on the base <br> with vertex within 2 mm of centre line <br> or <br> B1 for any side 7.5 cm long $\pm 2 \mathrm{~mm}$ <br> or any arc 7.5 cm drawn $\pm 2 \mathrm{~mm}$ <br> or $7.5(\mathrm{~cm})$ seen |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | No and $1.2(\mathrm{~m})$ or $120(\mathrm{~cm})$ <br> or <br> No and $6(\mathrm{~cm})$ and $6.4(\mathrm{~cm})$ | ft the vertical height of their triangle <br> Jack's height accurately drawn $\pm 2 \mathrm{~mm}$ on <br> diagram and a decision stated <br> or <br> Vertical height of their triangle may be <br> stated and compared to Jack's scale height <br> ie [6.2, 6.6$]$ |
| 16 |  |  |


| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 17(a) | Line from (0800, 0) to (0930,60) | B1 | Line need not be straight $\pm 1$ small square |
|  | 1 cm horizontal line from their (0930, 60) or horizontal line ending at 1000 | B1ft | $\pm 1$ small square |
|  | Line from $(1000,60)$ to meet the time axis between $(1106,0)$ and $(1118,0)$ inclusive <br> or <br> line from their $(1000,60)$ down 6 cm and across 2.4 cm oe | B1ft | Line need not be straight $\pm 1$ small square |


| 17(b) | Correct ft decision and reference to <br> their graph <br> or <br> correct ft decision and correct ft time <br> $( \pm 6$ minutes) read from their graph | B1ft | Must be from a line that meets the time axis <br> at least 6 mins after their 1000 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| $\mathbf{1 7 ( b )}$ <br> Alt | Correct ft decision and calculation of <br> home time | eg 60 miles at $50 \mathrm{mph}=1.2$ hours their 1000 <br> 1130 is 1.5 hours after 10 <br> or $10+1.2$ hours $=1112$ | B1ft |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :--- |


| Q Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 18 |  |  |  | B3 | B2 for 12 and/or 10 in correct position and any product that makes 60 in first column (not using 5 or 6) <br> B1 for 12 and/or 10 in correct position or any product that makes 60 in first column (not using 5 or 6) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 4 | 12 | 10 |  |  |
|  | 15 | 5 | 6 |  |  |


| 19 | Kite either horizontal or vertical with long diagonal 6 cm and short diagonal 4 cm | B2 | B1 for any kite Condone a square using the given side or an arrowhead for B1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 20 | $4 n$ | M1 | Accept $4 \times n$ or $n \times 4$ but not $n 4$ |
|  | $4 n+2$ | A1 | oe $\begin{gathered} \text { eg } 4 \times n+2 \\ 3 n+n+2 \\ 2(2 n+1) \end{gathered}$ <br> SC1 for $n 4+2$ |


| $\mathbf{Q}$ | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| $* 21 a$ | Open circle at -2 with <br> line going right to at least 4 <br> or <br> arrow (of any length) to the right | Qtrand (i) <br> If line is marked with any sort of circle at the <br> RHS this is Q0 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| 21b | $3 x \leq 11-5$ or $3 x \leq 6$ or $x-2 \leq 0$ | M1 | Working with $=$ sign must be recovered to $\leq$ <br> to gain any credit |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :--- |
|  | $x \leq 2$ | A1 | Must have $x \leq$ on answer line <br> SC1 for $x<2$ |


| 22 | $\pi \times 10^{2} \times 4$ | M1 |  |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :--- |
|  | $\pi \times 100 \times 4$ <br> or $31 \times 40$ <br> or $3.1 \times 100 \times 4$ <br> or $124 \times 10$ | A1 | Any of these products or better <br> Condone use of 3.14 or 3.142 or $\frac{22}{7}$ |
|  | 1240 | A1 | Accept 1256 or 1256.8 or $1257 .(\ldots)$ or 1260 |

