

Please write clearly in block capitals.	
Centre number	Candidate number
Surname	
Forename(s)	
Candidate signature	

A-level MATHEMATICS

Unit Statistics 3

Monday 26 June 2017

Afternoon

Time allowed: 1 hour 30 minutes

Materials

For this paper you must have:

• the blue AQA booklet of formulae and statistical tables.

You may use a graphics calculator.

Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen. Pencil should only be used for drawing.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page.
- Answer all questions.
- Write the question part reference (eg (a), (b)(i) etc) in the left-hand margin.
- You must answer each question in the space provided for that question. If you require extra space, use an AQA supplementary answer book; do not use the space provided for a different question.
- Do not write outside the box around each page.
- Show all necessary working, otherwise marks for method may be lost.
- Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work that you do not want to be marked.
- The **final** answer to questions requiring the use of tables or calculators should normally be given to three significant figures.

Information

- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- The maximum mark for this paper is 75.

Advice

- Unless stated otherwise, you may quote formulae, without proof, from the booklet.
- You do not necessarily need to use all the space provided.



For Exam	iner's Use
Question	Mark
1	
2	
3	
4	
5	
6	
7	
TOTAL	

	-
	Answer all questions.
	Answer each question in the space provided for that question.
1	A machine fills bags with rock salt to be used on paths and driveways.
	The weight of salt in a full bag may be modelled by a normal distribution with a mean of μ kilograms and a standard deviation of 330 grams.
	Calculate the sample size necessary in order that a 98% confidence interval for μ has a width of at most 200 grams. Give your answer to the nearest 10.
QUESTION	Answer space for question 1
PART REFERENCE	



QUESTION PART REFERENCE	Answer space for question 1



2	A council wishes to estimate the proportion of library customers who own a hand-held electronic device for reading books.
	A sample of 440 customers showed that 77 owned such a device.
	Stating a necessary assumption about the sample, construct an approximate 99% confidence interval for the proportion of library customers who own a hand-held
	electronic device for reading books. [6 marks]
QUESTION PART REFERENCE	Answer space for question 2



QUESTION PART REFERENCE	Answer space for question 2





QUESTION PART	Answer space for question 3
REFERENCE	



QUESTION PART REFERENCE	Answer space for question 3



QUESTION PART REFERENCE	Answer space for question 3



4	Faults which occur in a particular make of dishwasher can be categorised as mechanical (event M), electrical (event E) or water (event W).
	It has been established that $P(M) = 0.45$, $P(E) = 0.25$ and $P(W) = 0.30$.
	When a fault occurs, a dishwasher display shows one of three fault codes: $C1$, $C2$ or $C3$.
	It is known that:
	P(C1 M) = 0.80 $P(C2 M) = 0.05$ $P(C3 M) = 0.15$
	P(C1 E) = 0.10 $P(C2 E) = 0.85$ $P(C3 E) = 0.05$
	P(C1 W) = 0.00 $P(C2 W) = 0.25$ $P(C3 W) = 0.75$
	A dishwasher of this particular make is showing a fault code on its display. Calculate the probability that this dishwasher:
(a)	displays fault code <i>C1</i> ;
(b)	has a mechanical fault, given that it displays code $C1$;
(c)	has an electrical fault, given that it displays code $C2$;
(d)	does not have a water fault, given that it does not display code <i>C3</i> . [10 marks]
(d)	does not have a water fault, given that it does not display code <i>C3</i> . [10 marks]
(d) QUESTION PART REFERENCE	does not have a water fault, given that it does not display code <i>C3</i> . [10 marks] Answer space for question 4
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QUESTION PART	Answer space for question 4
REFERENCE	



QUESTION	Answer space for question 4
REFERENCE	



QUESTION PART REFERENCE	Answer space for question 4



The numbers of cars, X, and the numbers of bicycles, Y, owned by households in a town may be modelled by the following bivariate probability distribution.

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		Number of cars (X)				
		0	1	2	3	$\mathbf{P}(Y=y)$
	0	0.07	0.12	0.18	0.13	0.50
	1	0.03	0.18	0.07	0.02	0.30
Number of bicvcles (<i>Y</i>)	2	0.02	0.03	0.05	0.00	0.10
	3	0.03	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.05
	4	0.00	0.05	0.00	0.00	0.05
	P(X = x)	0.15	0.40	0.30	0.15	1.00

(ii) Given that

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E(Y) = 0.85, $E(Y^2) = 1.95$ and E(XY) = 0.90

calculate exact values for Var(Y) and Cov(X, Y).

(iii) Hence calculate the value of the correlation coefficient between *X* and *Y*.

(b) Calculate values for the mean and the variance of:

(i) T = X + Y;

(ii)
$$D = X - Y$$



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[4 marks]

[3 marks]

[2 marks]

[5 marks]

QUESTION PART	Answer space for question 5
REFERENCE	



QUESTION	Answer space for question 5
REFERENCE	
7	



QUESTION PART	Answer space for question 5
REFERENCE	





QUESTION PART REFERENCE	Answer space for question 6



QUESTION PART	Answer space for question 6
REFERENCE	



QUESTION PART	Answer space for question 6
REFERENCE	



7	Results from an investigation into the characteristics of saltwater crocodiles include the following summarised data on the lengths, x metres, of a sample of 40 adult ma and the lengths, y metres, of a sample of 30 adult females.				; included adult males
		Males:	$\sum x = 181.20$	$\sum (x - \overline{x})^2 = 11.7022$	
		Females:	$\sum y = 86.40$	$\sum \left(y - \overline{y} \right)^2 = 3.4806$	
(a)	Investigat male salty than 1.5 r	e, at the 5% lev water crocodiles	el of significance, exceeds that of a	the hypothesis that the mean le dult female saltwater crocodiles	ngth of adult by more
					[9 marks]
(b) Deduce that, for the test of the hypothesis in part (a), the critical val		h part (a) , the critical value of $ar{X}$	$\overline{\overline{Y}} - \overline{\overline{Y}}$		
	is 1.68, correct to three significant figures.				
(c)	It is subse exceeds t	equently establis hat of adult fem	shed that the mear ale saltwater croco	a length of adult male saltwater odiles by 1.85 metres.	crocodiles
	Determine significan adult fema	e the power for a ce, based upon ale saltwater cro	a test of the hypoth random samples o pcodiles.	nesis in part (a) at the 5% level of 40 adult male saltwater croco	of diles and 30
					[4 marks]
QUESTION PART REFERENCE	Answer space	for question 7			



QUESTION PART	Answer space for question 7
REFERENCE	



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QUESTION

Answer space for question 7

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