

# General Certificate of Education June 2010 

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## Key to mark scheme and abbreviations used in marking

$\left.\begin{array}{llll}\text { M } & \text { mark is for method } & \\ \hline \mathrm{m} \text { or } \mathrm{dM} & \text { mark is dependent on one or more M marks and is for method } \\ \text { A } & \text { mark is dependent on } \mathrm{M} \text { or } \mathrm{m} \text { marks and is for accuracy }\end{array}\right]$

## No Method Shown

Where the question specifically requires a particular method to be used, we must usually see evidence of use of this method for any marks to be awarded. However, there are situations in some units where part marks would be appropriate, particularly when similar techniques are involved. Your Principal Examiner will alert you to these and details will be provided on the mark scheme.

Where the answer can be reasonably obtained without showing working and it is very unlikely that the correct answer can be obtained by using an incorrect method, we must award full marks. However, the obvious penalty to candidates showing no working is that incorrect answers, however close, earn no marks.

Where a question asks the candidate to state or write down a result, no method need be shown for full marks.
Where the permitted calculator has functions which reasonably allow the solution of the question directly, the correct answer without working earns full marks, unless it is given to less than the degree of accuracy accepted in the mark scheme, when it gains no marks.

Otherwise we require evidence of a correct method for any marks to be awarded.


MM1A/W (cont)

| Q | Solution | Marks | Total | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2(a) |  | B1 | 1 | B1: Correct force diagram with arrows and labels. <br> Note: Award mark if forces drawn on the diagram in the question. <br> Note: Do not accept 10 kg for the weight. Note: Do not accept $\mu R$ or $0.5 R$ for $F$. |
| (b)(i) | $(R=10 \times 9.8=) 98 \mathrm{~N}$ | B1 | 1 | B1: Correct normal reaction. Accept $10 g$. No need to see the letter $R$ or working. |
| (ii) | $\begin{aligned} & (F \leq) 0.5 \times 98 \\ & (F \leq) 49 \end{aligned}$ | B1F | 1 | B1: Correct maximum value for friction. Accept $5 g$. <br> No need to see the letter $F$ or any working. Ignore any inequalities. For FT, must be 0.5 of candidate's answer to (b)(i). |
| (iii) | $(F=) 30 \mathrm{~N}$ | B1 | 1 | B1: Correct friction. Allow - 30. |
| (c) | $80-49=10 a$ $a=3.1 \mathrm{~ms}^{-2}$ | M1A1F <br> A1F | 3 | M1: Three term equation motion, containing 80, candidate's 49 and $10 a$ (not $10 g a$ ) in any combination. <br> A1F: Correct equation including signs. <br> A1F: Correct acceleration. <br> FT candidate's answer to (b)(ii). |
|  | Total |  | 7 |  |
|  |  |  |  | Allow use of $g=9.81$ |

MM1A/W (cont)

| Q | Solution | Marks | Total | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3(a) | $6\left[\begin{array}{l} 2 \\ 4 \end{array}\right]+m\left[\begin{array}{c} 3 \\ -2 \end{array}\right]=6\left[\begin{array}{l} 1 \\ 3 \end{array}\right]+m\left[\begin{array}{l} 7 \\ b \end{array}\right]$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { M1 } \\ \text { A1 } \end{gathered}$ |  | M1: Four term conservation of momentum equation. Allow sign errors. A1: Correct equation with correct signs. Vector equation may be implied by later correct working in this part of the question. |
|  | $6 \times 2+3 m=6 \times 1+7 m$ | A1 |  | A1: Correct equation for correct component. |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 12+3 m=6+7 m \\ & 6=4 m \\ & m=1.5 \end{aligned}$ | A1 | 4 | A1: Correct $m$. |
|  |  |  |  | Example if only $12+3 m=6-7 m$ without a vector equation award M1A0A0A0. |
| (b) | $6 \times 4+1.5 \times(-2)=6 \times 3+1.5 b$ | B1F |  | B1F: Correct equation using $m$ or candidates $m$ from (a). |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 24-3=18+1.5 b \\ & 3=1.5 b \end{aligned}$ |  |  | B1F: Correct $b$ from candidate's $m$ from (a). |
|  | $b=2$ | B1F | 2 | Note: $b=\frac{6}{m}-2$ |
|  | Total |  | 6 |  |
|  |  |  |  | Consistent use of $m g$ instead of $m$ throughout penalise 1 mark. |

MM1A/W (cont)


MM1A/W (cont)


MM1A/W (cont)

| Q | Solution | Marks | Total | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6(a) | $\mathbf{v}=9 \mathbf{i}+7 \mathbf{j}$ | B1 | 1 | B1: Correct initial velocity. |
| (b) | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{v}=(9-0.01 t) \mathbf{i}+(7-0.03 t) \mathbf{j} \\ & =(9 \mathbf{i}+7 \mathbf{j})+(-0.01 \mathbf{i}-0.03 \mathbf{j}) t \end{aligned}$ | M1 |  | M1: Writing $\mathbf{v}$ in the form $\mathbf{v}=\mathbf{u}+\mathbf{a} t$ |
|  | $\mathbf{a}=-0.01 \mathbf{i}-0.03 \mathbf{j}$ | A1 | 2 | A1: Correct acceleration. |
| (c) | $9-0.01 t=-(7-0.03 t)$ | M1A1 |  | M1: Equation involving both $\mathbf{i}$ and $\mathbf{j}$ components of their velocity. A1: Correct equation, from their acceleration. |
|  | $t=\frac{16}{0.04}=400$ | A1 | 3 | A1: Correct time, from their acceleration. |
|  | Total |  | 6 |  |

## MM1A/W (cont)



