# General Certificate of Education (A-level) June 2011 

## Mathematics

MFP4

## (Specification 6360)

Further Pure 4

## Final

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## Key to mark scheme abbreviations

| M | mark is for method |
| :--- | :--- |
| m or dM | mark is dependent on one or more M marks and is for method |
| A | mark is dependent on M or m marks and is for accuracy |
| B | mark is independent of M or m marks and is for method and accuracy |
| E | mark is for explanation |
| Jor ft or F | follow through from previous incorrect result |
| CAO | correct answer only |
| CSO | correct solution only |
| AWFW | anything which falls within |
| AWRT | anything which rounds to |
| ACF | any correct form |
| AG | answer given |
| SC | special case |
| OE | or equivalent |
| A2,1 | 2 or 1 (or 0) accuracy marks |
| $-x$ EE | deduct $x$ marks for each error |
| NMS | no method shown |
| PI | possibly implied <br> SCA |
| substantially correct approach |  |
| cf | candidate |
| dp | significant figure(s) |
| decimal place(s) |  |

## No Method Shown

Where the question specifically requires a particular method to be used, we must usually see evidence of use of this method for any marks to be awarded.

Where the answer can be reasonably obtained without showing working and it is very unlikely that the correct answer can be obtained by using an incorrect method, we must award full marks. However, the obvious penalty to candidates showing no working is that incorrect answers, however close, earn no marks.

Where a question asks the candidate to state or write down a result, no method need be shown for full marks.
Where the permitted calculator has functions which reasonably allow the solution of the question directly, the correct answer without working earns full marks, unless it is given to less than the degree of accuracy accepted in the mark scheme, when it gains no marks.

Otherwise we require evidence of a correct method for any marks to be awarded.

| Q | Solution | Marks | Total | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1(a) (b) | $\begin{aligned} & \operatorname{det} \mathbf{A}=5 p-1 \\ & \operatorname{det} \mathbf{B}=p^{2}-10 p-11 \end{aligned}$ <br> Use of $\operatorname{det}(\mathbf{A B})=\operatorname{det} \mathbf{A} \operatorname{det} \mathbf{B}$ Finding three values of $p$ $p=\frac{1}{5}, 11,-1$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { B1 } \\ \text { M1A1 } \\ \\ \text { B1 } \\ \text { M1 } \\ \text { A1F } \end{gathered}$ | 3 3 | M1A0 if num error(s) made <br> PI <br> Allow correct factors here ft numerical errors in (a) |
|  | Total |  | 6 |  |
| 2 | $\left[\begin{array}{cc} \cos 2 \alpha & \sin 2 \alpha \\ \sin 2 \alpha & -\cos 2 \alpha \end{array}\right] \&\left[\begin{array}{cc} \cos \beta & -\sin \beta \\ \sin \beta & \cos \beta \end{array}\right]$ <br> Mult'n of these in the correct order <br> Use of addition formulae $\left[\begin{array}{cc} \cos (2 \alpha+\beta) & \sin (2 \alpha+\beta) \\ \sin (2 \alpha+\beta) & -\cos (2 \alpha+\beta) \end{array}\right]$ <br> Reflection ... $\ldots \text { in } y=x \tan \left(\alpha+\frac{1}{2} \beta\right)$ | B1 <br> B1 <br> M1 <br> A1F <br> A1F <br> A1F | 6 | used or written down <br> at least two entries correct <br> At least once <br> ft only for use of clockwise rot'n and/or mult'n in wrong order <br> ft as above <br> ft as above |
|  | Total |  | 6 |  |
| 3(a) | Vector product attempted | M1 | 3 |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{p} \times \mathbf{q}=\left[\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 4 \\ 7 \end{array}\right] \times\left[\begin{array}{c} 7 \\ -2 \\ 4 \end{array}\right]=\left[\begin{array}{c} 30 \\ 45 \\ -30 \end{array}\right] \\ & \ldots=15\left[\begin{array}{c} 2 \\ 3 \\ -2 \end{array}\right], \text { so } t=-2 \end{aligned}$ | A1 <br> A1 |  |  |
| (b) | Scalar triple product attempted | M1 |  | OE, eg determinant |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{p} \times \mathbf{q} \cdot \mathbf{r}=15\left[\begin{array}{c} 2 \\ 3 \\ -2 \end{array}\right] \cdot\left[\begin{array}{l} 2 \\ 3 \\ t \end{array}\right]=15(13-2 t) \\ & \ldots=0 \text {, so } t=6 \frac{1}{2} \end{aligned}$ | A1 A1 | 3 |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ALT: } 5 \mathbf{p}+\mathbf{q}=6 \mathbf{r} \\ & \ldots \Rightarrow t=6 \frac{1}{2} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{B} 2,0 \\ \mathrm{~B} 1 \end{gathered}$ |  | or any correct linear relationship |
|  | Total |  | 6 |  |

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Q \& Solution \& Marks \& Total \& Comments <br>
\hline 4(a)

(b) \& \begin{tabular}{l}
$$
\left|\begin{array}{ccc}
2 & 1 & 3 \\
5 & -2 & a+1 \\
a & 2 & 4
\end{array}\right|=a^{2}+3 a-10
$$ <br>
Equating to 0 and solving quadratic in $a$ $a=2,-5$
$$
\begin{array}{r}
2 x+y+3 z=3 \\
5 x-2 y+3 z=3 \\
2 x+2 y+4 z=b
\end{array}
$$ <br>
Eliminations leading to two equations in two variables <br>
Further elimination leading to value of $b$
$$
b=4
$$

 \& 

M1 <br>
A1 <br>
m1 <br>
A1 <br>
B1 <br>
M1 <br>
m1 <br>
A1
\end{tabular} \& 4

4 \& | Attempt at det of coeff matrix Correct (accept unsimplified) |
| :--- |
| SC: B1 for verifying $a=2$ |
| B1 for verifying $a=-5$ | <br>

\hline \& | ALT: Finding two variables in terms of third |
| :--- |
| Substituting into third equation $b=4$ | \& | M1 |
| :--- |
| m1 |
| A1 | \& \& eg $y=x$ and $z=1-x$ <br>

\hline \& \& \& 8 \& <br>

\hline | 5(a) |
| :---: |
|  |
|  |
|  |
| (b) | \& | (i) Characteristic eqn $\lambda^{2}-9 \lambda+14=0$ $\lambda=2,7$ |
| :--- |
| Substituting back for at least one eval evecs $\left[\begin{array}{l}3 \\ 1\end{array}\right]$ and $\left[\begin{array}{l}1 \\ 2\end{array}\right]$ |
| (ii) $\mathbf{U}=\left[\begin{array}{ll}3 & 1 \\ 1 & 2\end{array}\right], \mathbf{D}=\left[\begin{array}{ll}2 & 0 \\ 0 & 7\end{array}\right]$ $\mathbf{U}^{-1}=\frac{1}{5}\left[\begin{array}{cc} 2 & -1 \\ -1 & 3 \end{array}\right]$ |
| (i) evals of $\mathbf{M}^{3}$ are $\lambda^{3}, \mu^{3}$ since $\mathbf{M}^{3}=\mathbf{U} \mathbf{D}^{3} \mathbf{U}^{-1}$ |
| (ii) evecs of $\mathbf{M}^{3}$ are $\mathbf{v}_{1}$ and $\mathbf{v}_{2}$ | \& M1A1

A1
m1
A1A1
B1FB1F
B1F
B1F
B1
E1

B1 \& \begin{tabular}{l}
6 <br>
4 <br>
2 <br>
1

 \& 

M1A0 if num error(s) made <br>
for $\lambda=2,-x+3 y=0$ or <br>
for $\lambda=7,-2 x+y=0$ <br>
or non-zero multiples <br>
Columns of $\mathbf{U}$ and $\mathbf{D}$ are interchangeable, but must match; ft wrong answers in (i) <br>
$1 / \operatorname{det} \mathbf{U}$ <br>
adjoint matrix; <br>
ft incorrect $\mathbf{U}$ (provided det $\neq 0$ )
\end{tabular} <br>

\hline \& \& \& 13 \& <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}



| Q | Solution | Marks | Total | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8(a) | $\text { Use of } \sin \text { or } \cos \theta=\frac{\text { scalar product }}{\text { product of moduli }}$ | M1 |  | using $\left[\begin{array}{c}3 \\ -2 \\ 6\end{array}\right]$ and $\left[\begin{array}{l}2 \\ 1 \\ 2\end{array}\right]$ |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Numerator }=16, \text { denominator }=21 \\ & \sin \theta=\frac{16}{21} \Rightarrow \theta \approx 49.6^{\circ} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { B1B1 } \\ \text { A1 } \end{gathered}$ | 4 | Allow numerator $\sqrt{185}$ Allow AWRT 49.6 |
| (b) | $\left[\begin{array}{c} 2 \lambda+1 \\ \lambda+2 \\ 2 \lambda-7 \end{array}\right] \cdot\left[\begin{array}{c} 3 \\ -2 \\ 6 \end{array}\right]=37$ | M1 |  |  |
|  | $6 \lambda+3-2 \lambda-4+12 \lambda-42=37$ $\ldots \Rightarrow \lambda=5$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{m} 1 \\ & \mathrm{~A} 1 \end{aligned}$ |  | with attempt to solve |
|  | giving $P=(11,7,3)$ | B1F | 4 | ft wrong value of $\lambda$ |
| (c)(i) | Use of the vectors $\left[\begin{array}{c}3 \\ -2 \\ 6\end{array}\right]$ and $\left[\begin{array}{l}2 \\ 1 \\ 2\end{array}\right]$ | M1 |  |  |
|  | Vector product attempted <br> $[-10]$ | m1 |  | OE |
|  | $\text { Required vector is }\left[\begin{array}{l} 6 \\ 7 \end{array}\right]$ | A1 | 3 | Or a non-zero multiple |
| (ii) | $\mathbf{a}=\left[\begin{array}{c} 11 \\ 7 \\ 3 \end{array}\right]$ | B1F |  | ft wrong answer in (b) |
|  | $\mathbf{b}=\left[\begin{array}{c} -10 \\ 6 \\ 7 \end{array}\right] \times\left[\begin{array}{c} 3 \\ -2 \\ 6 \end{array}\right]=\left[\begin{array}{c} 50 \\ 81 \\ 2 \end{array}\right]$ <br> Fully correct equation for $L^{\prime}$ | M1A1F <br> A1 | 4 | Or a non-zero multiple; ft wrong answer to (c)(i) |
|  |  |  | 15 |  |
|  | TOTAL |  | 75 |  |

